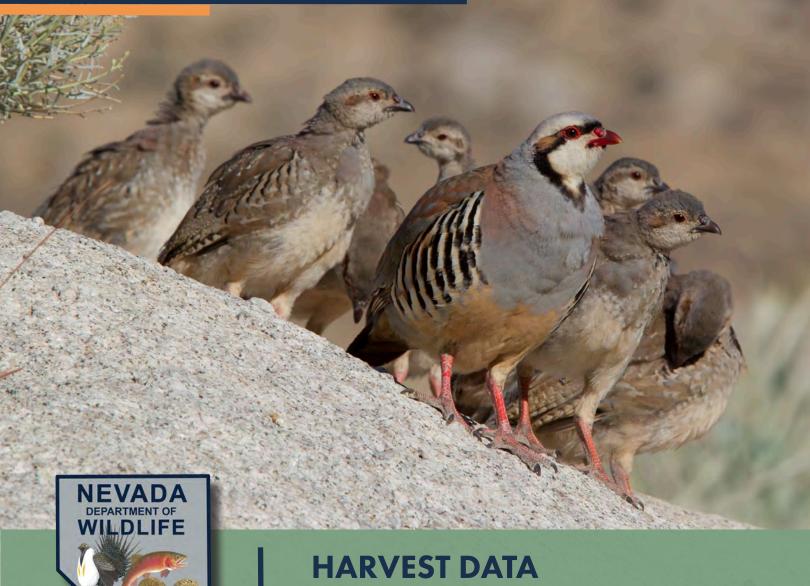
SIEVADA SMALL GAME STATUS



HARVEST DATA
STATEWIDE SUMMARY



State of Nevada

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Department of Wildlife

Alan Jenne, Director

Game Division

Shawn Espinosa, Chief

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Diversity Program Manager U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, MS: 7072-43 Arlington, Virginia 22203 Director Nevada Department of Wildlife 6980 Sierra Center Parkway, Suite 120 Reno, Nevada 89511

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STATE OF NEVADA BOARD OF WILDLIFE COMMISSIONERS

The Board of Wildlife Commissioners under the authority of Section 501.181, 503.090, 503.140 and 503.245 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, does hereby adopt the following regulations for the management of game birds, small game, and furbearing mammals.

CR 22-12

2022-2023 & 2023-2024

SEASONS, BAG LIMITS, AND SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR UPLAND GAME BIRDS, RABBITS, WILD TURKEY, FURBEARERS, AMERICAN CROW, MOURNING AND WHITE-WINGED DOVE, AND FALCONRY SEASONS FOR UPLAND GAME BIRDS AND RABBITS.

UPLAND GAME

(Units referenced are Game Management Units)

YOUTH CHUKAR AND HUNGARIAN PARTRIDGE SEASON	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*
SPECIES ALLOWED:	Chukar and Hungarian partridge.
SEASON DATES:	October 1 – October 9, 2022 September 30 – October 8, 2023
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 6. Possession limit 18.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Limit singly or in the aggregate. Open to hunters 17 years of age or younger only. Youth must be accompanied by an adult who is at least 18 years old. License requirements apply pursuant to NRS 502.010.

^{*}except per NAC 504.340

YOUTH CALIFORNIA QUAIL SEASON	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*
SPECIES ALLOWED:	California quail
SEASON DATES:	October 1 – October 9, 2022 September 30 – October 8, 2023
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 10. Possession Limit 30.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Limit singly or in the aggregate. Open to hunters 17 years of age or younger only. Youth must be accompanied by an adult who is at least 18 years old. License requirements apply pursuant to NRS 502.010.

^{*}except per NAC 504.340

YOUTH GAMBEL'S QUAIL SEASON	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*
SPECIES ALLOWED:	Gambel's quail
SEASON DATES:	October 1 – October 9, 2022 September 30 – October 8, 2023
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 5. Possession Limit 15.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Limit singly or in the aggregate. Open to hunters 17 years of age or younger only. Youth must be accompanied by an adult who is at least 18 years old. License requirements apply pursuant to NRS 502.010.

*except per NAC 504.340

YOUTH RABBIT SEASON	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*
SPECIES ALLOWED:	Cottontail and white-tailed jackrabbits
SEASON DATES:	October 1 – October 9, 2022 September 30 – October 8, 2023
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 5. Possession Limit 15.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Limit singly or in the aggregate. Open to hunters 17 years of age or younger only. Youth must be accompanied by an adult who is at least 18 years old. License requirements apply pursuant to NRS 502.010.

SAGE-GROUSE	
OPEN AREAS:	Hunt Units 062, 064, 067, 071, 072, 073 and 074 in Elko County
SEASON DATES:	September 24 – October 2, 2022 September 23 – October 1, 2023
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 2. Possession limit 2.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Closed to nonresidents.

SAGE-GROUSE	
	Hunt Units, or those portions of Hunt Units, 161 and 162 in Eureka, Lander and Nye County
OPEN AREAS:	Hunt Units, or those portions of Hunt Units, 012 and 013 in Washoe County
	Hunt Unit, or that portion of Hunt Unit 012 in Humboldt County
	Hunt Units 031 and 051 in Humboldt County
SEASON DATES:	September 24 – 25, 2022 September 23 – 24, 2023
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 2. Possession limit 2.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Closed to nonresidents.

BLUE (DUSKY AND SOOTY) AND RUFFED GROUSE	
OPEN AREAS:	Carson City, Douglas, Elko, Eureka, Esmeralda, Humboldt, Lander, Lincoln, Lyon, Mineral, Nye, Washoe, White Pine
SEASON DATES:	September 1 – December 31
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 3. Possession limit 9.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Limit singly or in the aggregate. Per NAC 503.185, the head or one fully feathered wing must be attached to all dusky, sooty and ruffed grouse until the carcass reaches the possessor's residence or a commercial facility for its preservation. Persons harvesting blue grouse (dusky or sooty) are requested to deposit one wing from each bird harvested at any Nevada Department of Wildlife office, check station, or with Department employees who contact you in the field.

^{*}except per NAC 504.340

SNOWCOCK	
OPEN AREAS:	Elko and White Pine Counties
SEASON DATES:	September 1 - November 30
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 2. Possession limit 2.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Prior to hunting Himalayan snowcock, persons must obtain a snowcock hunting free-use permit available online a www.ndowlicensing.com after July 1st of each year.

^{*}except per NAC 504.340

CHUKAR AND HUNGARIAN PARTRIDGE	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*
SEASON DATES:	October 15, 2022 – February 5, 2023 October 14, 2023 – February 4, 2024
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 6. Possession limit 18.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Limit singly or in the aggregate.

^{*}except per NAC 504.340

CALIFORNIA QUAIL	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*
SEASON DATES:	October 15, 2022 – February 5, 2023 October 14, 2023 – February 4, 2024
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 10. Possession limit 30.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Limit singly.

^{*}except per NAC 504.340

GAMBEL'S QUAIL	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*
SEASON DATES:	October 15, 2022 – February 5, 2023 October 14, 2023 – February 4, 2024
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 5. Possession limit 15.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Limit singly.

MOUNTAIN QUAIL		
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*	
SEASON DATES:	October 15, 2022 – February 5, 2023 October 14, 2023 – February 4, 2024	
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 2. Possession limit 6.	
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.	
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Persons who harvest mountain quail are requested to report their harvest to the Nevada Department of Wildlife, 6980 Sierra Center Parkway, Suite 120 Reno, NV 89511, phone (775) 688-1523.	

PHEASANT	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*
SEASON DATES:	November 1 – November 30.
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 2. Possession limit 6.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Cocks only

^{*}except per NAC 504.340

WHITE-TAILED JACKRABBITS AND COTTONTAIL RABBITS	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*
SEASON DATES:	November 1 – last day in February.
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 5. Possession limit 15.
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Limit singly or in the aggregate.
OF EGIAL REGULATIONS.	Pygmy Rabbit season is closed.

^{*}except per NAC 504.340

WILD TURKEY

Unless his or her privilege is limited or revoked pursuant to law, an eligible person may apply once for a type of hunt for Wild Turkey during a draw period.

Only one person may apply on an application.

Except for those Wild Turkey hunts requiring the landowner to sign the application, Wild Turkey applications must be submitted online through www.ndowlicensing.com. Hand delivered applications will not be accepted. Applications will be accepted until 11:00:00 p.m. on the first Tuesday in February. Applications for bonus points only will be accepted until 11:00:00 p.m. on the second Tuesday in February. The release date will be on or before the first Friday in March.

<u>Except as specified for the Junior Wild Turkey Hunts and Landowner Hunts</u>, any remaining tags will be available on a first come, first serve basis through <u>www.ndowlicensing.com</u>. Remaining tags will be sold until seven (7) weekdays prior to the close of the season.

Only one Wild Turkey tag can be awarded to an individual within a calendar year.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS:	Bearded Wild Turkey	
LIMIT:	1 by tag only.	
SHOOTING HOURS:	One half hour before sunrise to sunset daily	_
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Youth must be 12 prior to the opening of the hunt season indicated and not attain their 18 th birthday until after the last day of the hunt season indicated, pursuant to NAC 502.063. Applications for these tags or bonus points will only be accepted during the draw application periods. Remaining tags will not be issued. Closed to nonresidents.	
OPEN AREAS:	Season Dates	Quota
Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	3
Moapa Valley of Clark County*	Last Saturday in March through second Friday in April	3
Hunt Units 102, 103 & 065 within Elko County	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	3
Hunt Unit 115 within White Pine County**	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	1
Pershing County*	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	2
Unit 152 of Lander County	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	2
Unit 154 of Lander County*	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	1
Lincoln County	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	5

^{*}Applicants are advised that a significant portion of the turkey population occurs on private lands and permission should be obtained from a landowner before applying for this hunt.

^{**} Applicants are advised that a significant portion of the turkey population occurs on Great Basin National Park lands. Hunting is not permitted within park boundaries.

WILD TURKEY 2023 & 2024 SPRING – LIMITED ENTRY – HUNTS 0131 & 0132				
PHYSICAL CH	ARACTERISTICS:	Bearded Wild Turkey		
LIMIT: 1		1 by tag only		
SHOOTING HOURS: One half hour before sunrise to sunset daily				
	L	JNIT 101 of ELKO COUNTY*	iset dally	
			Tag	Quota
		Seasons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March	n – first Sunday in May	5	-
	UNIT	S 102 & 065 of ELKO COUNTY*		
			Tag	Quota
		Seasons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March	n – first Sunday in May	10	1
	-	151 and 152 of LANDER COUNTY		
			Tag	Quota
		Seasons	Resident	Nonresident
			Hunt 0131	Hunt 0132
II. at Dada I	Last Saturday in March	n – second Sunday in April	3	-
Hunt Period:	Third Saturday in April	- first Sunday in May	3	-
	UN	IIT 154 of LANDER COUNTY*		
			Tag Quota	
		Seasons	Resident	Nonresident
			Hunt 0131	Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March		4	-
LINCOLN COUNTY				
		Seasons	Resident	Quota Nonresident
		Seasons	Hunt 0131	Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March – first Sunday in May		15	1
	MASON VALLEY WIL	DLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA ONL)	OF UNIT 203	
		Seasons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
	April 1 – April 9, 2023		3	-
Hunt	April 15 – April 23, 202		3	-
Periods:	April 29 – May 7, 2023 3 1 March 30 – April 7, 2024 3 1		1 1	
	March 30 – April 7, 202 April 13 – April 21, 202		3	-
	April 27 – May 5, 2024	•	3	-
*Applicants are advised that a significant portion of the turkey population occurs on private lands and permission should be obtained from a landowner before applying for this hunt.				

	WILD TURKEY 2023 & 2024 SPRING – LIMITED ENTRY – HUNTS 0131 & 013			
PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Bearded Wild Turkey				
LIMIT:		1 by tag only		
SHOOTING H	OURS:	One half hour before sunrise	e to sunset daily	
	MOAPA VAL	LEY PORTION OF CLARK C		
			Tag Q	
	Se	easons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
	March 18 – March 24, 20)23	4	-
	March 25 - March 31, 20)23	4	1
Hunt Period:	April 1 – April 7, 2023		4	-
Hunt i Gnoa.	March 23 – March 29, 20		4	-
	March 30 – April 5, 2024		4	-
	April 6 – April 12, 2024		4	1
		PERSHING COUNTY*		
			Tag Q	
	Se	easons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March the	hrough first Sunday in May	10	1
	UNIT 1	15 OF WHITE PINE COUNT	Y**	
			Tag Q	
	Se	easons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March t'	hrough first Sunday in May	4	-

Wild Turkey Continued on Next Page

^{**}Applicants are advised that a significant portion of the turkey population occurs on Great Basin National Park lands. Hunting is not permitted within park boundaries.

WILD TURKEY 2023 & 2024 SPRING HUNTS - 0135 & 0137 PARADISE VALLEY OF HUMBOLDT COUNTY			
PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Bearded Wild Turkey			
LIMIT:	1 by tag only.		
SHOOTING HOURS:	One half hour before sunrise to sunset daily.		
SEASON DATES:	Last Saturday in March – first Sunday in May		
QUOTAS:	Resident Hunt 0135	Nonresident Hunt 0137	
QUUTAS.	Open	Open	

SPECIAL REGULATIONS:

PARADISE VALLEY OF HUMBOLDT COUNTY APPLICATION REGULATIONS:

A Paradise Valley of Humboldt County Application Form is required. Hunters can obtain these forms from the participating landowners. A landowner must sign the application form. The form must be submitted through the mail or over the counter during business hours, M-F, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Contact NDOW at 775-688-1500 for more information. Tags will be available until the close of the season. Internet applications for the Paradise Valley of Humboldt County hunt will not be available.

Unless his or her privilege is limited or revoked pursuant to law, an eligible person may apply once for a type of hunt for Wild Turkey during a draw period.

Only one person may apply on an application.

Only one Wild Turkey tag per calendar year.

WILD TURKEY 2022 & 2023 FALL HUNTS - 0135 & 0137 PARADISE VALLEY OF HUMBOLDT COUNTY			
PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Either Sex Turkey			
LIMIT:	1 by tag only.		
SHOOTING HOURS:	One half hour before sunrise to sunset daily.		
SEASON DATES:	First Saturday in October through the last Sunday in October		
QUOTAS:	Resident Hunt 0135	Nonresident Hunt 0137	
QUOTAS.	Open	Open	

SPECIAL REGULATIONS:

PARADISE VALLEY OF HUMBOLDT COUNTY APPLICATION REGULATIONS:

A Paradise Valley of Humboldt County Application Form is required. Hunters can obtain these forms from the participating landowners. A landowner must sign the application form. The form must be submitted through the mail or over the counter during business hours, M-F, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Contact NDOW at 775-688-1500 for more information. Tags will be available until the close of the season. Internet applications for the Paradise Valley of Humboldt County hunt will not be available.

Unless his or her privilege is limited or revoked pursuant to law, an eligible person may apply once for a type of hunt for Wild Turkey during a draw period.

Only one person may apply on an application.

Only one Wild Turkey tag per calendar year.

FALCONRY SEASON

FALCONRY SEASONS FOR UPLAND GAME BIRDS & RABBITS		
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide*	
SEASON DATES:	September 1 – Last day of February	
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 2. Possession limit 8.	
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.	
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	All resident upland game birds except turkey and Columbian sharp-tailed grouse. White-tailed jackrabbits and cottontail rabbits. The taking of sage-grouse by falconry is only allowed in those units where there is an established open season. The daily and possession limit for sage-grouse is 2. Limits singly or in the aggregate.	

^{*}except per NAC 504.340

FURBEARING ANIMALS

BEAVER, MINK, AND MUSKRAT	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide
SEASON DATES:	October 1 – April 30

OTTER		
OPEN AREAS:	Elko, Eureka, Humboldt, Lander, and Pershing Counties	
SEASON DATES:	October 1 – March 31	
	Carson City, Churchill, Clark, Douglas, Esmeralda, Lincoln, Lyon, Mineral, Nye, Storey, Washoe, and White Pine counties are closed to otter trapping.	
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	If an otter is accidentally trapped or killed in those counties which are closed or outside the prescribed season, the person trapping or killing it shall report the trapping or killing within 48 hours to a representative of the Department of Wildlife. The animal must be disposed of in accordance with the instructions of the representative.	

KIT AND RED FOX	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide
SEASON DATES: October 1 - Last Day of February	

BOBCAT SEASON		
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide	
SEASON DATES:	Second Saturday in November – Third Sunday in February	
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Closed to Nonresidents.	

GRAY FOX SEASON		
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide	
SEASON DATES:	Second Saturday in November – Third Sunday in February	
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Closed to Nonresidents.	

BOBCAT PELT SEALING DATES

Pelt sealing, other than a single exception for taxidermy sealings, will be done only on the dates and during the times specified. Sealing locations will be at Department offices unless otherwise noted.

BOBCAT PELT SEALING DATES FOR THE 2022-2023 SEASON			
City	Date	Time	Location
Carson City	January 17	10am – 2 p.m.	NDOW Warehouse Corner of south Carson at Colorado St.
Elko	January 17 February 21 March 1	9a.m. – 3 p.m.	NDOW Elko Office
Ely	January 19 February 22	8 a.m.– Noon 10 a.m. – 2 p.m.	NDOW Ely Office
Eureka	January 18	12 p.m.–4 p.m.	NDOW Eureka Office
	January 24	10 a.m 2 p.m.	NDOW Fallon Office
Fallon	Annually scheduled to coincide with the NTA Fur Sale.	7 a.m.–11 a.m.	Nevada Trappers Association Fallon Fur Sale
	March 1	10 a.m 2 p.m.	NDOW Fallon Office
Las Vegas	January 18 February 21	8 a.m.– 5 p.m.	NDOW Las Vegas Office
	March 1	1 p.m.– 5 p.m.	
Panaca	February 21 March 1	8 a.m.– 1 p.m.	Nevada State Parks - NDOW Office, Panaca
	February 8	8 a.m 5 p.m.	NDOW Toponob Office
Tonopah	March 1	1 p.m.– 5 p.m.	NDOW Tonopah Office
Winnemucca	January 25	8 a.m Noon	NDOW Winnemucca Office

Taxidermy Pelt Sealing: From the opening day of the bobcat season (Second Saturday in November) until the first regularly scheduled bobcat sealing date in January, any person who wishes to have a single bobcat (1 per person per season) sealed for the purpose of tanning or taxidermy may personally present the lawfully taken pelt to any Nevada Department of Wildlife Regional office (Elko, Las Vegas, Reno) and request to have the Departments seal affixed to the pelt. All requirements of NAC 502.347 apply.

Pelt sealing, other than a single exception for taxidermy sealings, will be done only on the dates and during the times specified. Sealing locations will be at Department offices unless otherwise noted.

BOBCAT PELT SEALING DATES FOR THE 2023-2024 SEASON				
City	Date	Time	Location	
Carson City	January 16	10am – 2 p.m.	NDOW Warehouse Corner of south Carson at Colorado St.	
Elko	January 16 February 20 February 28	9a.m. – 3 p.m.	NDOW Elko Office	
Ely	January 18 February 21	8 a.m.– Noon 10 a.m 2 p.m.	NDOW Ely Office	
Eureka	January 17	12 p.m.– 4 p.m.	NDOW Eureka Office	
	January 23	10 a.m 2 p.m.	NDOW Fallon Office	
Fallon	Annually scheduled to coincide with the NTA Fur Sale.	7 a.m.–11 a.m.	Nevada Trappers Association Fallon Fur Sale	
	February 28	10 a.m 2 p.m.	NDOW Fallon Office	
Las Vegas	January 17 February 20	8 a.m.– 5 p.m.	NDOW Las Vegas Office	
	February 28	1 p.m.– 5 p.m.		
Panaca	February 20 February 28	8 a.m.– 1 p.m.	Nevada State Parks - NDOW Office, Panaca	
	February 7	8 a.m 5 p.m.	NDOW/ Toponah Office	
Tonopah	February 28	1 p.m.– 5 p.m.	NDOW Tonopah Office	
Winnemucca	January 24	8 a.m Noon	NDOW Winnemucca Office	

Taxidermy Pelt Sealing: From the opening day of the bobcat season (Second Saturday in November) until the first regularly scheduled bobcat sealing date in January, any person who wishes to have a single bobcat (1 per person per season) sealed for the purpose of tanning or taxidermy may personally present the lawfully taken pelt to any Nevada Department of Wildlife Regional office (Elko, Las Vegas, Reno) and request to have the Departments seal affixed to the pelt. All requirements of NAC 502.347 apply.

STATE OF NEVADA BOARD OF WILDLIFE COMMISSIONERS

The Board of Wildlife Commissioners under the authority of Section 501.181, 503.090, 503.140 and 503.245 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, does hereby adopt the following regulations for the management of game birds, small game, and furbearing mammals.

CR 22-12 Amendment #1

2023-2024

SEASONS, BAG LIMITS, AND SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR UPLAND GAME BIRDS, RABBITS, WILD TURKEY, FURBEARERS, AMERICAN CROW, MOURNING AND WHITE-WINGED DOVE, AND FALCONRY SEASONS FOR UPLAND GAME BIRDS AND RABBITS.

THIS AMENDMENT MODIFIES GREATER SAGE-GROUSE OPEN AND CLOSED HUNT UNITS, ADDS HUNT UNITS FOR WILD TURKEY AND MODIFIES QUOTAS AND PROPOSES CHANGES TO BOBCAT PELT SEALING DATES.

UPLAND GAME

(Units referenced are Game Management Units)

SAGE-GROUSE		
OPEN AREAS:	Hunt Units 062, 064, 067, 071-075 and 101-102 in Elko County	
SEASON DATES:	September 23 – October 1, 2023	
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 2. Possession limit 2.	
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.	
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Closed to nonresidents.	

SAGE-GROUSE		
	Hunt Units, or those portions of Hunt Units, 172-173 in Lander and Nye County	
OPEN AREAS:	Hunt Units, or those portions of Hunt Units, 012, 013 and 015 in Washoe County	
	Hunt Unit, or that portion of Hunt Unit 012 in Humboldt County	
	Hunt Units 031 and 051 in Humboldt County	
SEASON DATES:	September 23 – 24, 2023	
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 2. Possession limit 2.	
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset daily.	
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Closed to nonresidents.	

WILD TURKEY

JUNIOR WILD TURKEY 2024 SPRING - HUNT 0138		
PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS:	Bearded Wild Turkey	
LIMIT:	1 by tag only.	
SHOOTING HOURS:	One half hour before sunrise to sunset daily	
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Youth must be 12 prior to the opening of the hunt season indicated and not attain their 18th birthday until after the last day of the hunt season indicated, pursuant to NAC 502.063. Applications for these tags or bonus points will only be accepted during the draw application periods. Remaining tags will not be issued. Closed to nonresidents.	
OPEN AREAS:	Season Dates	Quota
Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	2
Moapa Valley of Clark County*	Last Saturday in March through second Friday in April	3
Hunt Units 102 and 065 within Elko County*	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	3
Hunt Unit 115 within White Pine County**	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	1
Pershing County*	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	2
Unit 151 and 152 of Lander County*	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	2
Unit 154 of Lander County*	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	1
Lincoln County	Last Saturday in March through first Sunday in May	4

^{*}Applicants are advised that a significant portion of the turkey population occurs on private lands and permission should be obtained from a landowner before applying for this hunt.

** Applicants are advised that a significant portion of the turkey population occurs on Great Basin

National Park lands. Hunting is not permitted within park boundaries.

	WILD TURKEY 2024 S	PRING – LIMITED ENTRY – HUNTS	S 0131 & 0132	
PHYSICAL CH	ARACTERISTICS:	Bearded Wild Turkey		
LIMIT:		1 by tag only		
SHOOTING HO	OURS:	One half hour before sunrise to sur	acet doily	
	U	NIT 091 of ELKO COUNTY*	iset daily	
			Tag (Quota
		Seasons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March	n – first Sunday in May	2	-
	U	NIT 101 of ELKO COUNTY*		
				Quota
		Seasons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March		5	-
	UNITS	S 102 & 065 of ELKO COUNTY*	1	
			Tag (Quota
		Seasons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March	n – first Sunday in May	10	1
	UNITS 103 and	108 of ELKO and WHITE PINE CO	UNTY	
				Quota
		Seasons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March	n – first Sunday in May	4	-
	UNITS 1	51 and 152 of LANDER COUNTY*	_	
			Tag (Quota
		Seasons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March	n – second Sunday in April	3	-
ridiit i ellod.	Third Saturday in April	first Sunday in May	3	-
	UN	IT 154 of LANDER COUNTY*		
			Tag (Quota
		Seasons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March		4	-
	UNIT 22	23 and 231 of LINCOLN COUNTY		
		Seasons	Resident Hunt 0131	Quota Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March	n – first Sundav in Mav	4	-
*Applicants are d	-	rtion of the turkey population occurs on p		permission

WILE	TURKEY 2024 SPR	ING – LIMITED ENTRY	– HUNTS 0131 &	& 0132
PHYSICAL CH	HARACTERISTICS:	Bearded Wild Turkey		
LIMIT:		1 by tag only		
SHOOTING H	OURS:	One half hour before sunrise	e to sunset daily	
	UNITS 24	41 and 242 of LINCOLN COU	NTY	
			Tag Q	uota
	Se	asons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March thro	ough first Sunday in May	10	1
	THAT PORTION	OF HUNT UNIT 202 in LYO	N COUNTY	
			Tag Q	uota
	Se	easons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March thro	ough first Sunday in May	2	-
	MASON VALLEY WILD	LIFE MANAGEMENT AREA	ONLY OF UNIT 203	3
			Tag Q	uota
	Seasons		Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt	March 30 – April 7, 2024		2	-
Periods:	April 13 – April 21, 2024		2	-
April 27 – May 5, 2024 2 -		-		
MOAPA VALLEY PORTION OF CLARK COUNTY*				
	Se	asons	Tag Q Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
l loom.	March 23 - March 29, 20)24	3	-
Hunt Periods:	March 30 - April 5, 2024		3	-
	April 6 – April 12, 2024		3	1
	T	PERSHING COUNTY*		
	90	asons	Tag Q	
	Se	2450115	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March t	hrough first Sunday in May	10	1
	UNIT 1	15 OF WHITE PINE COUNT	Y**	
			Tag Q	uota
	Se	asons	Resident Hunt 0131	Nonresident Hunt 0132
Hunt Period:	Last Saturday in March t	hrough first Sunday in May	4	-
		nt portion of the turkey popu		ivate lands and

^{*}Applicants are advised that a significant portion of the turkey population occurs on private lands and permission should be obtained from a landowner before applying for this hunt.

^{**}Applicants are advised that a significant portion of the turkey population occurs on Great Basin National Park lands. Hunting is not permitted within park boundaries.

FURBEARING ANIMALS

BOBCAT PELT SEALING DATES

Pelt sealing, other than a single exception for taxidermy sealings, will be done only on the dates and during the times specified. Sealing locations will be at Department offices unless otherwise noted.

	BOBCAT PELT SEALING DATES FOR THE 2023-2024 SEASON			
City	Date	Time	Location	
Carson City	January 16	10am – 2 p.m.	NDOW Warehouse Corner of south Carson at Colorado St.	
Elko	January 16 February 20 February 28	9a.m. – 3 p.m.	NDOW Elko Office	
Ely	January 17 February 21	10 a.m 2 p.m.	2018 Pioche Highway Ely, NV 89301	
	January 23	10 a.m 2 p.m.	NDOW Fallon Office	
Fallon	Annually scheduled to coincide with the NTA Fur Sale.	7 a.m.–11 a.m.	Nevada Trappers Association Fallon Fur Sale	
	February 28	10 a.m 2 p.m.	NDOW Fallon Office	
	January 17	8 a.m Noon		
Las Vegas	February 20	8 a.m. – 5 p.m.	NDOW Las Vegas Office	
	February 28	8 a.m Noon		
Panaca	February 20 February 28	8 a.m.– 1 p.m.	Nevada State Parks - NDOW Office, Panaca	
	February 7	1 p.m. – 5 p.m.	NDOW Tonopah Office	
Tonopah	February 28	1 p.m.– 5 p.m.	NDOW Tollopan Office	
Winnemucca	January 24	8 a.m.– Noon	NDOW Winnemucca Office	

Taxidermy Pelt Sealing: From the opening day of the bobcat season (Second Saturday in November) until the first regularly scheduled bobcat sealing date in January, any person who wishes to have a single bobcat (1 per person per season) sealed for the purpose of tanning or taxidermy may personally present the lawfully taken pelt to any Nevada Department of Wildlife Regional office (Elko, Las Vegas, Reno) and request to have the Departments seal affixed to the pelt. All requirements of NAC 502.347 apply.

STATE OF NEVADA BOARD OF WILDLIFE COMMISSIONERS

The Board of Wildlife Commissioners under the authority of Section 501.181, 503.090, 503.140 and 503.245 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, does hereby adopt the following regulations for the management of migratory game birds.

CR 23-13 2023-2024 ASONS BACLIMITS AND SPECIAL

SEASONS, BAG LIMITS, AND SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

MOURNING & WHITE-WINGED DOVE		
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide	
2023 SEASON:	September 1 – October 30, 2023	
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 15 Possession 45	
SHOOTING HOURS:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset.	
SPECIAL ATTIONS	Limits for mourning dove and white-winged dove are singly or in the	
REGULATIONS:	aggregate.	

AMERICAN CROW	
OPEN AREAS:	Statewide
2023 FALL SEASON:	September 1 – November 17, 2023
2024 SPRING SEASON	March 1 – April 15, 2024
LIMITS:	Daily bag limit 10
SHOOTING HOURS:	Sunrise to sunset.
	May be hunted by archery, shotguns and falconry.
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	All crows must be retrieved and removed from the field.
	Season closed on ravens

Note regarding Waterfowl Zone designations:

NORTHEAST ZONE: Elko, Eureka, Lander & White Pine Counties

NORTHWEST ZONE: Carson City, Churchill, Douglas, Humboldt, Lyon, Mineral, Pershing,

Storey & Washoe Counties

SOUTH ZONE: Esmeralda, Lincoln, Nye & Clark Counties

DUCKS AND MERGANSERS		
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHEAST ZONE	
2023-24 SEASON:	September 23, 2023 – November 28, 2023	
	December 9, 2023 – January 15, 2024	
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHWEST ZONE	
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – January 7, 2024	
2023-24 SEASON.	January 10, 2024– January 28, 2024	
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – (except the Moapa Valley)	
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – October 22, 2023	
2025-24 SEASON.	October 25, 2023– January 28, 2024	
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – Moapa Valley to the confluence of the Muddy and	
OPEN AREAS.	Virgin Rivers	
2023-24 SEASON:	October 28, 2023 – January 28, 2024	
LIMITS (daily / possession)		
General Duck Limits:	7 / 21	
Included within the general duck limit, but not to include more than:		
Pintail:	1/3	
Hen Mallard/ Mexican	2 hen mallard or Mexican ducks/ 6 in possession	
duck		
Redhead:	2/6	
Canvasback:	2/6	
Shooting hours:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset	
Special Regulations:	Open to Nonresidents	

SCAUP (Lesser and Greater)	
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHEAST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	September 23, 2023 – November 28, 2023
	December 9, 2023 – December 27, 2023
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHWEST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	November 2, 2023 – January 7, 2024
2023-24 SEASON.	January 10, 2024– January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – (except the Moapa Valley)
2023-24 SEASON:	November 4, 2023 – January 28, 2024
ODEN ADEAC.	SOUTH ZONE – Moapa Valley to the confluence of the Muddy and
OPEN AREAS:	Virgin Rivers
2023-24 SEASON:	November 4, 2023 – January 28, 2024
LIMITS (daily/possession):	2 / 6 (Included within general duck limit, not in addition to)
Shooting hours:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset
Special Regulations:	Open to Nonresidents

SPECIAL YOUTH WATERFOWL HUNT	
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHEAST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	September 16 & 17, 2023
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHWEST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	September 30, 2023 & February 10, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE (including the Moapa Valley portion of the Overton Wildlife Management Area)
2023-24 SEASON:	February 10 & 11, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	Moapa Valley portion of the Overton Wildlife Management Area.
2023-24 SEASON:	October 21, 2023
	Daily bag limit is the same as that for the general season for ducks, mergansers, scaup, snipe, geese, coots and moorhens.
	Youth hunters possessing a valid Nevada Swan Permit may hunt swans in open swan areas (see swan regulation), provided the trumpeter swan quota has not been reached.
LIMITS:	Limits singly or in the aggregate for Canada geese and Brant.
	Limits singly or in the aggregate for Snow and Ross' geese.
	Snow and Ross' geese are closed in Ruby Valley within Elko and White Pine Counties.
SHOOTING HOURS:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset
SPECIAL REGULATIONS:	Open to hunters 17 years of age or younger.
	Youth hunters 16 years of age and older must possess a federal duck stamp.
	Youth must be accompanied by an adult who is at least 18 years old.
	Adults are not allowed to hunt during this season.
	Open to Nonresidents.

COOTS AND GALLINULES	
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHEAST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	September 23, 2023 – November 28, 2023 December 9, 2023 – January 15, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHWEST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – January 7, 2024 January 10, 2024– January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – (except the Moapa Valley)
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – October 22, 2023 October 25, 2023– January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – Moapa Valley to the confluence of the Muddy and Virgin Rivers
2023-24 SEASON:	October 28, 2023 – January 28, 2024
LIMITS (daily/possession):	25 / 75
Shooting hours:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset
Special Regulations:	Open to Nonresidents

SNIPE	
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHEAST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	September 23, 2023 – November 28, 2023
	December 9, 2023 – January 15, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHWEST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – January 7, 2024
2023-24 SEASON:	January 10, 2024– January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – (except the Moapa Valley)
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – October 22, 2023
2025-24 SEASON.	October 25, 2023– January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – Moapa Valley to the confluence of the Muddy
	and Virgin Rivers
2023-24 SEASON:	October 28, 2023 – January 28, 2024
LIMITS (daily/possession):	8 / 24
Shooting hours:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset
Special Regulations:	Open to Nonresidents

CANADA AND CACKLING GEESE AND BRANT	
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHEAST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	September 23, 2023 – November 28, 2023
	December 9, 2023 – January 15, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHWEST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – January 7, 2024
	January 10, 2024 – January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – (except the Moapa Valley)
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – October 22, 2023
2023-24 SEASON.	October 25, 2023– January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – Moapa Valley to the confluence of the Muddy
	and Virgin Rivers
2023-24 SEASON:	October 28, 2023 – January 28, 2024
Limits (daily/possession)	5 / 15
Shooting hours:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset
Special Regulations:	Open to Nonresidents

WHITE-FRONTED GEESE	
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHEAST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	September 23, 2023 – November 28, 2023
	December 9, 2023 – January 15, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHWEST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – January 7, 2024
2025-24 SEASON:	January 10, 2024– January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – (except the Moapa Valley)
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – October 22, 2023
2023-24 SEASON.	October 25, 2023– January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – Moapa Valley to the confluence of the Muddy
	and Virgin Rivers
2023-24 SEASON:	October 28, 2023 – January 28, 2024
Limits (daily/possession)	10 /30
Shooting hours:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset
Special Regulations:	Open to Nonresidents

SNOW AND ROSS' GEESE	
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHEAST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	September 23, 2023 – November 28, 2023
OPEN APEAG	December 9, 2023 – January 15, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHWEST ZONE
	November 4, 2023 – January 7, 2024
2023-24 SEASON:	January 10, 2024– January 28, 2024
	February 19, 2024 – March 10, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – (except the Moapa Valley)
2022 24 SEASON.	October 14, 2023 – October 22, 2023
2023-24 SEASON:	October 25, 2023– January 28, 2024
ODEN ADEAS.	SOUTH ZONE – Moapa Valley to the confluence of the Muddy
OPEN AREAS:	and Virgin Rivers
2023-24 SEASON:	October 28, 2023 – January 28, 2024
Limits (daily/possession)	20 / 60
Shooting hours:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset
Special Regulations:	Open to Nonresidents
	CLOSED: Ruby Valley within Elko and White Pine Counties
	CLOSED: The following WMAs are closed during the February 19, 2024
	– March 10, 2024 season: Mason Valley and Scripps/ Washoe State Park.
Special Regulations:	Restrictions on three shotshell capacity and recorded or amplified bird
	calls do not apply during the light goose season from February 19, 2024
	until March 10, 2024 (Three shotshell capacity remains in effect on open
	Nevada Wildlife Management Areas)

FALCONRY SEASONS FOR MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS	
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHEAST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	September 23, 2023 – November 28, 2023
	December 9, 2023 – January 15, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	NORTHWEST ZONE
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – January 7, 2024
	January 10, 2024– January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – (except the Moapa Valley)
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – October 22, 2023
2023-24 SEASON.	October 25, 2023– January 28, 2024
OPEN AREAS:	SOUTH ZONE – Moapa Valley to the confluence of the Muddy
OFEN AREAS.	and Virgin Rivers
2023-24 SEASON:	October 28, 2023 – January 28, 2024
Limits (daily/possession)	3/9
Hunting hours:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset
Special Regulations:	Migratory birds allowed for take include: geese, ducks, mergansers, coots,
	moorhens and snipe. Limits for all permitted migratory birds are singly or
	in the aggregate.
	Open to Nonresidents.

SWAN	
OPEN AREAS:	Churchill, Lyon and Pershing Counties
2023-24 SEASON:	October 14, 2023 – January 7, 2024 January 10, 2024– January 28, 2024
LIMITS:	One swan per swan hunt permit, Maximum two swan hunt permits per season One swan per day
SHOOTING HOURS:	½ hour before sunrise to sunset
	Successful swan hunters are required to validate their permit pursuant to NAC 502.380, and then present at least the head and neck of their swan to an NDOW agent at selected sites for species verification within three (3) days of harvest. Mandatory inspection sites and requirements will be provided with the swan hunt permits. If a total harvest of ten (10) trumpeter swans is reached, the swan season is closed for the remainder of the season.
Special Regulations:	Open to Non-residents. Residents must possess a valid Nevada hunting or combination license, a Nevada HIP number and a current Federal Migratory Game Bird Hunting Stamp, when required, to hunt swan in Nevada. Nonresidents must possess a valid Nevada Combination license or a Nonresident 1-day Combination license, a Nevada HIP number and a Federal Migratory Waterfowl Stamp, when required, to hunt swan in Nevada.

PUBLIC HUNTING LIMITED ON WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREAS AND DESIGNATED STATE LANDS

ALKALI LAKE WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA (WMA), ARGENTA WMA, BRUNEAU RIVER WMA, CARSON LAKE WMA, FERNLEY WMA, FRANKLIN LAKE WMA, HUMBOLDT WMA, SCRIPPS WMA, STEPTOE VALLEY WMA and WAYNE E. KIRCH WMA

1. Hunting is allowed every day for wildlife species upon which there is an established open season

MASON VALLEY WMA

- 1. Before or after any waterfowl season, hunting is allowed every day for wildlife species upon which there is an established open season.
- 2. During any waterfowl season open within the hunt zone, hunting is permitted only on:
 - a) Saturdays, Sundays and Wednesdays,
 - b) the following legal State holidays: Névada Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving, Family Day (day after Thanksgiving), Christmas, New Year's Day, and Martin Luther King Day,
 - c) during any youth waterfowl hunt.
 - d) Hunters with a valid turkey tag for the Mason Valley WMA may hunt each day of the established turkey season.

FT. CHURCHILL COOLING POND COOPERATIVE WMA

- The Ft. Churchill Cooperative Cooling Pond Wildlife Cooperative WMA is closed year-round to all hunting.
- 2. From October 1, through the Friday preceding the second Saturday of February, the area shall be closed to trespass.

OVERTON WMA

- Before or after any waterfowl season, hunting is allowed every day for wildlife species upon which there
 is an established season.
- 2. Waterfowl hunting is permitted on the Moapa Valley portion of the area on:
 - a) the opening day of the earliest opening waterfowl season.
 - b) even days thereafter through the end of regular duck and goose seasons,
 - c) the final two days of the second duck and goose season, and
 - d) during any youth waterfowl hunt.
- 3. Upland game bird and rabbit hunting is prohibited during the regular duck and goose seasons, except for persons possessing a valid wild turkey tag to hunt turkeys in the Moapa Valley of Clark County. These persons may hunt turkeys every day for which the tag is valid. These persons are prohibited from pursuing any other upland game birds or rabbits during such time that the fall turkey season is concurrent with the waterfowl season.
- 4. During the waterfowl season on the Moapa Valley portion of the area, hunters must hunt from assigned hunt locations (blinds) constructed by the Department of Wildlife. A maximum of up to four hunters are permitted at each hunt location. Assigned hunt locations are marked by numbered stakes. Hunters shall hunt only within their assigned hunt location and moving to vacant locations is prohibited. The only exception involves reasonable accommodation of the disabled.
- 5. During the opening day and the first weekend of the dove season, the maximum capacity for the Moapa Valley portion of the area is 60 hunters by reservation. Vacancies will be filled by stand-by hunters on a first-come, first-served basis.
- 6. On Overton Hunt days, only persons authorized to hunt waterfowl may use vessels on the portion of the area inundated by Lake Mead.

KEY PITTMAN WMA

- 1. Before or after any waterfowl season, hunting is allowed every day for wildlife species upon which there is an established season.
- 2. Waterfowl hunting is permitted on:
 - a) the opening weekend of the earliest opening waterfowl season within the hunt zone,
 - b) odd-numbered days thereafter through the end of regular duck and goose seasons,
 - c) the final two days of the second duck and goose season, and
 - d) during any youth waterfowl hunt.
- 3. The maximum hunter capacity during the opening day of duck season and the opening day of goose season will be 55 at any time.
- 4. All hunters will check-in and out at the main entrance and will park in designated parking areas only. No vehicles are allowed on the area during the hunting season.
- 5. The area is closed to fishing during the waterfowl season.
- 6. No motorized boats are allowed on the area during the waterfowl season.

OVERTON-KEY PITTMAN HUNTER RESERVATION SYSTEM

1. To guarantee an opportunity to hunt, reservations must be made for the following specified days of each hunt listed:

The Key Pittman WMA

a) The earliest opening day of the general duck and goose seasons.

The Moapa Valley portion of the Overton WMA

- a) Opening day and the first weekend of the dove season.
- b) The entirety of any open waterfowl season.

Special Regulation for the Moapa Valley Portion of the Overton WMA: A person or their representative applying for reservations for group hunting will be limited to up to four hunters per party.

2. Waterfowl Remainder of Season Reservation Process:

(Remainder of season reservation process is defined as that portion of the season following the opening day and weekend applications at Overton WMA and Key-Pittman WMA)

Reservations for the remainder of the waterfowl hunting season at the Overton WMA will be available the Monday prior to the opening of the waterfowl season and can be made by calling 1-855-542-6369 Monday through Friday 8:00 AM - 4:30 PM pacific time. Hunters that are successful during the Overton WMA Opening Day and Weekend application process must use those reservations before making reservations for the remainder of the season. An individual may reserve no more than one assigned hunt location on the Moapa Valley portion of the area for no more than four individuals to hunt as a party and this reservation must be utilized prior to reserving another hunt day. The reservations must be in the hunter's possession and be shown to the check station attendant to constitute a valid reservation for the day specified. At the Key Pittman WMA, reservations for hunting will be required only on the earliest opening day of the regular duck season and goose seasons. All hunters will check in at the main entrance on the opening day of waterfowl season. For the remainder of the waterfowl season, hunters will complete a reservation card obtained from the Frenchy Lake or Nesbitt Lake check station box and deposit the card in an appropriate drop box for each day hunted. Failure to turn in a completed card at the Key Pittman WMA or failure to check out at the Overton WMA may result in a citation being issued, and the loss of hunting privileges for the remainder of the season. No vehicles are allowed on the areas during the hunting season.

3. During the waterfowl season at the Overton WMA, an assigned hunt location program will be in effect. Hunters will make a reservation for one of three types of hunt locations (field, pond or bulrush plot) and the specific hunt location will be determined by a drawing at the check station prior to each day's hunt.

NDOW reserves the right to adjust blind availability and blind assignments based on the conditions present on the day of the hunt.

- 4. A hunter with a reservation will be considered as a "no-show" if they do not present themselves at the check station by one full hour before shooting time, except that at the Overton WMA, a hunter with a reservation will be considered a "no-show" if they do not present themselves at the checking station one and one-half hours before shooting time during the waterfowl season.
- 5. Standby hunters must register at the check station upon arrival.
- 6. All reservations, permits and assigned hunting locations are nontransferable.

STATEWIDE SUMMARIES FOR UPLAND GAME SPECIES

GREATER SAGE-GROUSE

Season Structure and Limits

Two season structures were established for Greater sage-grouse during the 2023 season. Four additional hunt units were open to sage-grouse hunting than in the 2022 season, mostly attributable to the increase in observed peak male counts across northern Nevada. Season dates for open sage-grouse hunt units are depicted by hunt unit in Figure 1.

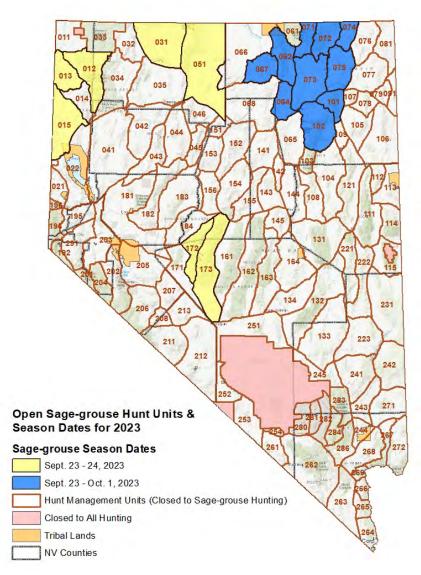


Figure 1. 2023 sage-grouse season dates for open hunt units in Nevada.

The season structures included a two-day and a nine-day season as follows:

- September 23 24, 2023
- September 23 October 1, 2023

Harvest and Effort

The estimated sage-grouse harvest for the 2023 season was 797 birds. No comparisons will be made for previous seasons or a 10-year average due to the closure of various hunt units over the last decade. One metric that can be compared across time is birds per hunter day. During the 2023 season, hunters averaged 0.80 birds per day which reflected the 10-year average of 0.80 birds per day. This was the six consecutive season of below average take per unit of effort (Figure 2) and is reflective of the overall status of sage-grouse populations statewide.

An estimated 586 hunters spent 1,014 days hunting sage-grouse for an average of 1.7 days per hunter. Harvest was almost evenly split between the Eastern and Western Region with 54 percent and 45 percent of the harvest coming from those two regions respectively. The Southern Region only contributed 1 percent of the total statewide harvest.

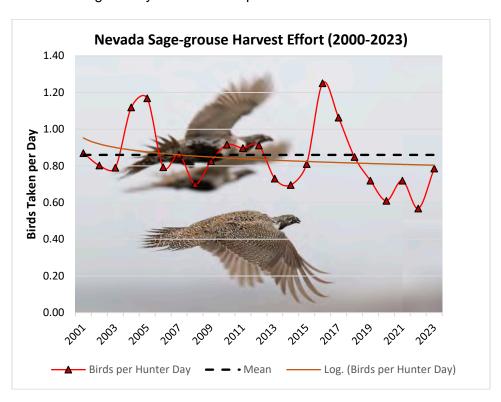


Figure 2. Average number of sage-grouse taken per day over the last 22-year period from 2000-2023.

Population Status

During the spring of 2024, 846 sage-grouse leks were surveyed of which 434 were considered active (>1 male in attendance). The sample size represented approximately 37 percent of the total known lek locations in Nevada (n=2320) and exceeds the average number of leks surveyed over the past 20 years (n=790).

The peak male count for 2024 was 9,021 resulting in an average attendance rate of 20.1 males per active lek and was 38 percent increase over the 2023 attendance rate of 14.6 males per active lek. The 2023 attendance rate represented a lower value during the 2003-2023 period compared to the maximum observed in 2005 (n=26.1). The 2024 attendance rate was 10 percent above the previous 20-year average of 18.3 males per active lek.

As part of the annual spring sage-grouse lek survey, Nevada Department of Wildlife personnel, volunteers, federal land management agency partners and environmental consultants also counted 143 trend leks in 2024. Trend leks are those leks surveyed consistently over a period of several years and represent a cross-section of the population including both smaller and larger leks. We attempt to visit these leks multiple times each year with a minimum of two visits and an overall desire to visit these leks three times during the breeding season to increase the odds of obtaining a "peak" male count for that lek. Average male attendance was calculated at 19.5 males per lek during the 2024 spring breeding season (Figure 3). This represented a significant increase over the attendance rate of 12.4 males per lek observed in 2023. However, the 2024 attendance was still 20 percent below the 20-year average of 23.9 males per trend lek.

The 2024 lek data exhibited significant population increases at a rate not experienced since 2015 to 2017. With two historically above average winters intersecting with sage-grouse population 8-to-10-year oscillation cycle already trending upwards, the 2024 lek data is reflective of abnormally high-quality habitat conditions and increased bird production and recruitment, which has not been observed over the last several years. The most proximate factors responsible for the previous declines were climate conditions (extreme drought), megascale wildfires and resultant habitat conditions and extensive anthropogenic disturbances that have occurred during this period (e.g., mine expansions, new mines, geothermal facilities, transmission lines, renewable energy development and associated roads).

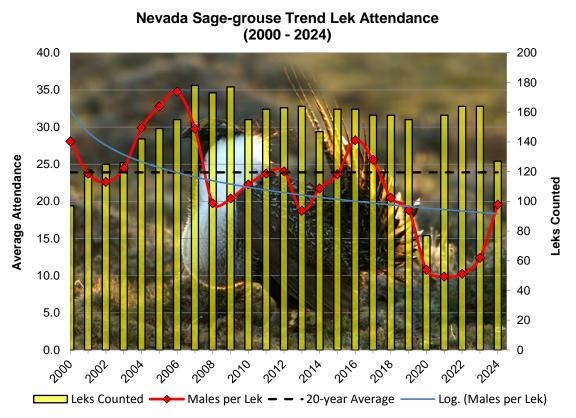


Figure 3. Male sage-grouse lek attendance rates at trend leks from 2000 through 2024.

Production and Recruitment

The Nevada Department of Wildlife (NDOW) annually monitors Greater sage-grouse production (chick recruitment) to help evaluate performance during a critical life stage that helps drive

population growth rates. NDOW accomplishes this by deploying 50-70 wing barrels within or near open sage-grouse hunt units that are strategically located to gather wings for demographic analysis. The examination of sage-grouse wings takes place at an annual "wing bee" and provides information pertaining to age and gender composition as well as an estimate of nest success.

A total of 723 sage-grouse wings were collected during the 2023 hunting season in Nevada. The sample size was 10.2 percent more than the number of wings collected during the prior 2022 season and was the third fewest number of wings collected over the past 25 years. The 10-year average sample size is 1,075 wings collected annually.

The pooled statewide production estimate obtained from analysis of the wings collected in 2023 was 1.81 chicks per hen, which was 9.7 percent more than the previous season's average of 1.65 chicks per hen (Table 1). The long-term (25-year) average estimated production is 1.59 chicks per hen. There were some regional differences in productivity observed during 2023. Eastern Region (mostly Elko County in northeastern Nevada) chick recruitment was estimated at 1.34 chicks per hen while Western Region (Humboldt and Washoe County) values were determined to be much higher at 2.38 chicks per hen. From a population management unit (PMU) standpoint, sample sizes were small with the exception of the North Fork PMU (n=215) in the Eastern Region and the Lone Willow PMU (n=295) in the Western Region.

Through examination of adult female wings and the molt pattern (progression of replacement through outer primary feathers), nest success was also evaluated. Statewide nest success values were estimated at 62.5 percent in 2023 compared to 51.5 percent in 2022. The 2023 nest success value was approximately 36 percent above the long-term (10-year) average of 46.1 percent, but still comparable to range-wide averages for the species. Of the 216 adult female wings analyzed, 135 were determined to have had a successful hatch while 81 failed.

Table 1. Wing collection and estimated demographic metrics over the last decade in Nevada.

Year	Total Wings Collected	Chick per Hen	Nest Success		
2014	1034	1.54	47.1%		
2015	1667	1.52	39.6%		
2016	1541	1.56	36.5%		
2017	1278	0.98	46.5%		
2018	1138	0.89	43.0%		
2019	833	1.14	36.9%		
2020	1262	1.22	56.3%		
2021	616	1.09	39.3%		
2022	656	1.65	51.5%		
2023	723	1.81	62.5%		
10-Year Avg	1075	1.34	45.9%		

COLUMBIAN SHARP-TAILED GROUSE

Season Structure and Limits

There is no open season for Columbia sharp-tailed grouse (CSTG) in Nevada due to low numbers and a very limited area of occupancy for CSTG which include a translocation site (Bull Run Basin) and seasonal occupancy along the Nevada/Idaho border such as Elk Mountain and Goose Creek areas.

Population Status

Lek counts for Columbian sharp-tailed grouse were conducted over a two-day period in mid-May of 2024. Five known leks were visited with four being active (>1 male). Total attendance across four active leks was 41 males. This is a significant increase over the total male attendance from last year (n=28). However, the observed decrease in 2023 should be viewed with caution as most leks were not accessible during peak lek attendance due to the extreme snowpack remaining for the 2022-2023 winter.

Sharp-tailed Grouse Lek Attendance Bull Run Basin Release Site (2015-2024)



Figure 4. Columbian sharp-tailed grouse lek attendance in the Bull Run Basin in Elko County, 2015 - 2024.

Population Augmentation

Nevada Department of Wildlife (NDOW) desires to augment the Bull Run Basin CSTG population during the spring of 2024 to help avoid genetic drift, inverse density dependence, unpredictable environmental and demographic stochastic events, and strengthen heterozygosity across the current CSTG population. The source of this population was originally from southeastern Idaho (n = 215). To facilitate an increase in genetic diversity, we intended to introduce birds from northwestern Colorado in early April of 2023. However, recent genomics research (i.e., single nucleotide polymorphisms results) coming out of the University of Wyoming has found Colorado's northwest sharp-tail population to be morphologically, behaviorally, and genetically more closely related to Plains sharp-tails. At this point, we are

concerned about introducing Colorado birds in Nevada's Bull Run Basin population and go the wrong direction in trying to strengthen heterozygosity, avoid genetic drift and buffer against unpredictable stochastic events. We are hopeful that eventually our Bull Run Basin population will link up with Idaho's Shoshone Basin sharp-tails and create a genetic corridor. Therefore, we do not want to create a hybrid situation and possibly cause genetic dilution of Idaho's genetically distinct CSTG populations. For the spring od 2024, NDOW once again partnered with Idaho Fish and Game and translocated 20 female CTSG from the Upper Snake River region of eastern Idaho to the Bull Run Basin. We plan to continue this effort with IDFG for two more years.

FOREST GROUSE

DUSKY AND SOOTY GROUSE

Season Structure and Limits

The 2023 season for dusky and sooty grouse extended from September 1st through December 31st with a daily limit of three and possession limit of nine.

Harvest and Effort

During the 2023 dusky and sooty grouse season, an estimated 475 birds were taken collectively. The harvest was over 42 percent below the 10-year average of 813 grouse and well below the long-term average of 1,446 grouse. Hunters spent 1,394 days pursuing the species which represented a 12 percent decline from the 10-year average of 1,584 days in the field.

Dusky and sooty grouse hunters averaged just one bird for the season and averaged 0.34 birds per day. This represented a decline of 39 percent from the 10-year average of 0.56 birds per day (Figure 5).

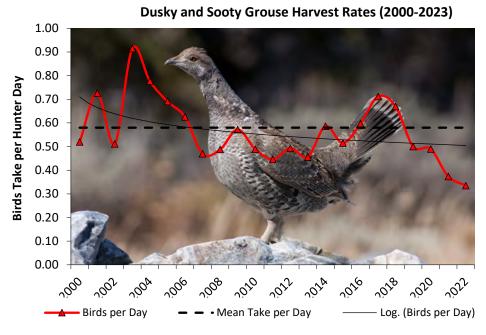


Figure 5. Harvest rates for dusky and sooty grouse (collectively) from 2000-2023 in Nevada.

A major source of the lack of success can be attributed to the Western Region where sooty grouse hunters are confined. The average rate of harvest here was 0.3 birds per day. This is likely reflective of the extreme drought conditions that the eastern Sierra Nevada and Carson Range experienced during 2021 through early fall of 2022. Eastern and Southern Region dusky grouse hunters experienced success rates of 0.4 and 0.3 birds per day respectively. The Western Region contributed 39 percent of the statewide harvest while the Eastern and Southern Region contributed 58 and 3 percent with a total of 475 birds.

RUFFED GROUSE

Season Structure and Limits

The 2023 ruffed grouse season extended from September 1st through December 31st with a daily bag limit of three and possession limit of nine, singly or in the aggregate with dusky grouse.

Harvest and Effort

An estimated 149 hunters took 125 ruffed grouse during the 2023 season. The harvest was 61.6 percent below the 10-year average of 325 birds. Ruffed grouse hunters spent 434 days in the field and averaged 0.30 birds per day which was below the 10-year average of 0.47 birds per day. The 2023 season represented a significant decrease where the return on investment (birds/day) was below the 10-year average (Figure 6).

The Eastern Region contributed just under 93.4 percent of the ruffed grouse harvest statewide with 118 birds while the Southern Region contributed 0 percent (n=0 birds) and the Western Region just over 5.7 percent (n=7 birds).

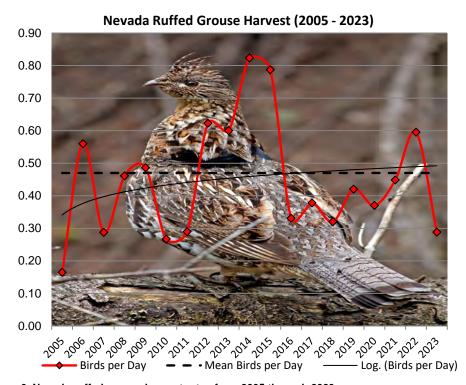


Figure 6. Nevada ruffed grouse harvest rates from 2005 through 2023.

Population Status

Ruffed grouse drumming surveys provide an annual perspective of presence and absence in certain areas as well as some reflection of relative abundance. Drum routes were conducted across 124 points and 7 routes. Ruffed grouse were detected at 17.0 percent (n=21) of the points surveyed in 2024 compared to 59 percent (n=10) in 2023. Surveys will be conducted for 2025.

Table 2. Ruffed grouse drum route survey results for spring of 2024.

Survey Route	County	Number of	Active Drum	Detection
(Location)		Points	Points	Rate
Columbia Basin	Elko	17	3	18%
Copper Basin	Elko	20	1	5%
Horse Creek	Elko	14	1	7%
Lamoille Canyon	Elko	17	2	12%
Merritt Creek	Elko	17	9	53%
Tennessee	Elko	20	2	10%
Toe Jam	Elko	19	3	16%
Totals:		124*	21*	17%*

^{*}These totals only include the survey with the greatest number of detections for those surveys conducted more than once.

PARTRIDGE

CHUKAR

Season Structure and Limits

The 2023-2024 chukar partridge season extended from October 14, 2023, through February 4, 2024, a total length of 121 days. The daily limit for chukar was 6 with a possession limit of 18 (3 times the daily limit). An early youth season was held from October 1 - 9, 2022.

Harvest and Effort

Total statewide harvest of chukar was estimated at 60,714 birds which was almost on par with the 10-year average of 61,905 birds. An estimated 8,209 hunters participated in the 2023-2024 season and spent 39,750 days pursuing the species. The number of hunters and days spent hunting was lower at 17.9 and 12.3 percent, respectively, when compared to 10-year and long-term averages. Chukar hunters averaged 7.4 birds per season and 1.52 birds per day spent in the field. The average take per day was almost 13 percent above the 10-year average of 1.0 birds per day and still below the long-term average of 2.0 birds per day. Birds per day values have not exceeded the 2000-2020 average of 1.5 birds per day for six consecutive seasons until the 2023-2024 season (Figure 7).

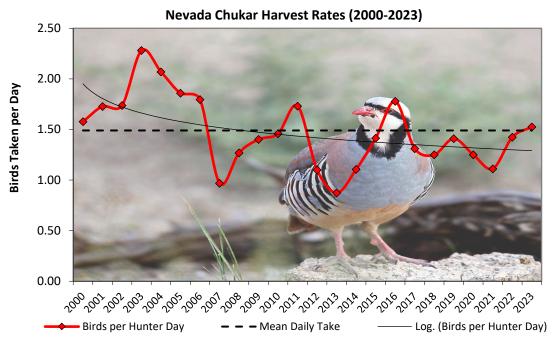


Figure 7. Nevada chukar harvest rates from 2000 through 2023.

The Western Region constituted 70 percent of the statewide harvest with the Eastern Region followed up with 29 percent. Humboldt County led all counties with an estimated 17,228 birds taken followed by Washoe County with 16,260 and Elko County with 11,775 birds.

Population Status

During late July and throughout August of 2024, 59 areas were surveyed throughout central and northern Nevada. Overall, the calculated statewide average production value was 4.8 chicks per adult. This represents a 20% decrease in production compared to the 2023 value of 6.0 chicks

per adult, however, biologists recorded a significant amount of carryover birds from last season in aggregates without broods, which lowered the chicks per adult value. From a statewide perspective, this year's production value still represents that which is necessary to increase chukar populations.

GRAY (HUNGARIAN) PARTRIDGE

Season Structure and Limits

The 2023-2024 gray (Hungarian) partridge season extended from October 14, 2022, through February 4, 2023, a total length of 121 days. The daily limit for this species was 6 with a possession limit of 18 (3 times the daily limit); however, it is considered in the aggregate with chukar.

Harvest and Effort

Estimated harvest for the 2023-2024 season was 3,550 gray partridge. The take was 79.2 percent greater than the 10-year average of 1,981 birds and 38 percent greater than the long-term average of 2,581 birds. The increased harvest was largely due to an increased number of hunters (n=1072 that increased their effort for the species in terms of number of days hunted (n=5,626). Compared to 10-year averages, the number of hunters was up 28 percent and the number of days spent pursuing the species was up by 38 percent. There was a 20 percent decrease in the number of birds taken per day (n=0.63) compared to the previous season (n=0.79) and a 6 percent decrease compared to the 10-year average of 0.67 (Figure 8).

Nevada Hungarian Partridge Harvest Information (2000-2023) 1.20 1.00 0.80 0.40 0.20 0.00 Hungarian Partridge Harvest — Long Term Mean — Log. (Hungarian Partridge Harvest)

Figure 8. Harvest rates for Hungarian partridge from 2000 through 2023 for Nevada.

Both the Eastern Region and Western Region equally contributed 50 percent of the statewide harvest. Hunters allocated their time in a similar fashion with 54 percent of the hunters reporting that they hunted in the Eastern Region while 46 percent hunted the Western Region. Two counties were essentially responsible for gray partridge harvest in Nevada: Elko and Humboldt. An estimated 1,605 gray partridge were taken in Elko County while 1,746 birds were taken in Humboldt County.

Population Status

No formal surveys are conducted for Hungarian partridge in Nevada; however, the population is considered to be increasing slightly, especially over the last decade, and may have expanded their range as well.

HIMALAYAN SNOWOCK

Season Structure and Limits

The snowcock season extended from September 1 through November 30, 2023, with a daily limit of two birds and a possession limit of two birds.

Harvest and Effort

For the 2023 snowcock hunting season, 190 questionnaires were received from hunters that acquired the free unlimited snowcock hunting permit. Of the 190 questionnaires received, only 59 hunters reported spending time in the field. A total of five birds were reported being harvested. Of the birds harvested, all were taken in unit 102. Hunters reported seeing 189 snowcock over 163 hunter-days spent afield. The number of observed birds was significantly higher than years past and which can be reflective of the increase in high quality alpine forage following the historical heavy snowpack conditions from the 2022-2023 winter. Past reported snowcock harvest has ranged between 2 and 23 birds annually and has averaged approximately 8 birds per year since 1980, making the 2023 season 38 percent below the observed average harvested.

Population Status

The habits and remote habitat preference of these birds make standard population surveys extremely difficult. Random sightings and observations noted during other wildlife management activities are recorded. Incidental snowcock density and distribution surveys are conducted during the winter months in conjunction with helicopter mountain goat/bighorn sheep surveys.

Mild climatic conditions existed during much of the winter with below average snowpack. Late summer precipitation has been above average and has led to promising range conditions in the upper elevation vegetative communities of which the snowcock rely heavily upon.

The current snowcock population appears to be locally abundant in many portions of the range, primarily in Unit 102. Units 101 and 103 appear to be at very low levels based on limited observations from hunters, limited harvest, and the low numbers of birds observed during incidental helicopter surveys and groundwork.

Fall Prediction

Harvest levels for the 2024 season should be improved coming off of two back-to-back high winter snowpack and spring conditions. Birds observed per hunter-day significantly increased for the 2023 season, but with the vegetation quality across high elevation habitat gradients, a relatively flat fire season of 2024, should allow for better glassing conditions and cause a return to more effective hunting conditions. Bird availability for the 2024 season is expected to be consistent with that of recent hunting seasons.

QUAIL

CALIFORNIA QUAIL

Season Structure and Limits

The season for all species of quail in Nevada extended from October 14, 2023, through February 4, 2024, for a total length of 114 days. The daily bag limit for California quail was 10 with a possession limit of 30. In addition to the general season, there was also a special youth season open to hunters aged 17 years and younger that was open from September 9, through October 8, 2023.

Harvest and Effort

California quail hunters took an estimated 10,084 birds during the 2023-2024 season representing a slight increase of approximately 19.1 percent from the previous 10-year average of 10,032 quail. Compared to 10-year averages, there were also 31 percent more hunters (n=1,666) that spent 1.3 percent more days in the field (n=7,302). Hunters averaged 1.38 quail per day, which was down 8.7 percent compared to the 10-year average of 1.51 birds per day (Figure 9) and roughly half of the long-term average of 2.0 quail per day. The 2023 season represented the 12th year in a row in which the birds per day values were below the period mean, suggesting a long-term decline of the species.

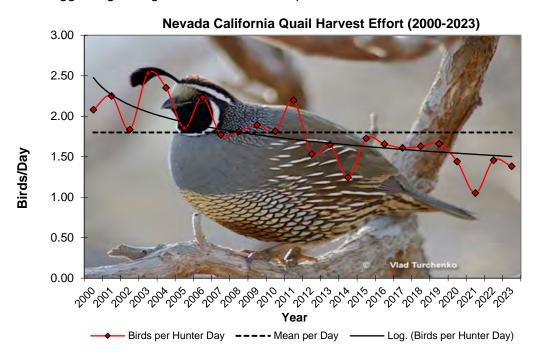


Figure 9. Harvest rates and trends for California quail in Nevada from 2000-2023.

The majority of harvest (97%) of California quail comes from the Western Region. Four counties contribute the lion's share of harvest with the most coming from Churchill (n=1,492), followed by Lyon (n=2,112), Washoe County (n=2,779), and Humboldt (n=1,816) Counties. The majority of hunters (n=345) spent their time in Washoe County, which made up 28 percent of the total hunters during the 2023-2024 season.

Population Status

No formal surveys are conducted for California quail.

GAMBEL'S QUAIL

Season Structure and Limits

The season for all species of quail in Nevada extended from October 14, 2023, through February 4, 2024, for a total length of 114 days. The daily bag limit for Gambel's quail was 10 with a possession limit of 30. In addition to the general season, there was also a special youth season open to hunters aged 17 years and younger that was open from September 9, through October 8, 2023.

Harvest and Effort

The total estimated harvest of Gambel's quail during the 2023-2024 season was 2,552 birds. The harvest was 55 percent below the 10-year average of 5,700 birds and well below the long-term average of 23,713 birds taken annually. The number of hunters (n=628) and number of days hunted (n=2,800) were 51 and 48 percent below the 10-year averages for these values. Gambel's quail hunters averaged 0.91 birds per day which was 23 percent below the 10-year average, but 86 percent above the previous season's average of 0.49 birds per day, a significant increase considering the sharp decline from 2020 to 2022 (Figure 10).

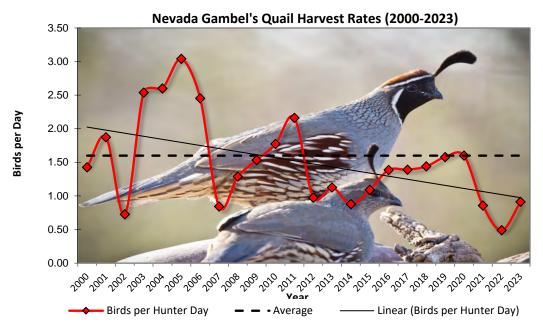


Figure 10. Harvest rates and trends for Gambel's quail in Nevada from 2000-2023.

Gambel's quail harvest is confined to their native range in the Southern Region. Seventy-nine percent of the harvest came from Clark County which is also where 64 percent of the hunters spent their time during the 2023-2024 season. Nye County contributed 5 percent of the harvest while Lincoln County made up 31 percent of the total harvest.

Population Status

Few formal surveys were conducted for Gambel's quail in Nevada during 2021; however, cameras stations and water development observations were conducted in Lincoln County in southeastern Nevada. Results of those surveys suggest that Gambel's quail populations are down compared to previous years. However, starting in 2022 and carrying through 2024, NDOW approved the Southern Nevada Chapter of Quail Forever to begin conducting small game surveys using trail cameras to establish an additional methodology and data collection

baseline for Gambel's quail, mountain quail and chukar. Data collection sites were aimed at small game guzzlers and natural springs identified by NDOW Game Division biologists. The protocol and general methodology were developed for chukar counts by the Utah Division of Wildlife. In total, 28 cameras were placed at water sites across the southern region. Overall production was slightly down from last year. Chicks per adult values showed 7.3 for northern Clark County and 2.0 for Nye County; no birds were recorded in Lincoln County

MOUNTAIN QUAIL

Season Structure and Limits

The season for all species of quail in Nevada extended from October 14, 2023, through February 4, 2024, for a total length of 114 days. The daily bag limit for Mountain quail was 2 with a possession limit of 6.

Harvest and Effort

Mountain quail harvest was estimated at 499 birds during the 2023-2024 season. The harvest was 42 percent below the 10-year average of 865 mountain quail. An estimated 253 hunters spent 2,565 days pursuing the species. Hunters averaged 0.19 birds per day spent in the field which was a 14.6 percent decrease over the previous year's average, but almost 74 percent below the 10-year average of 0.72 birds per day (Figure 11).

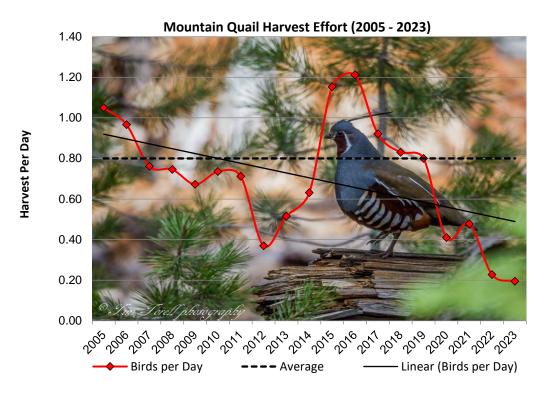


Figure 11. Harvest rates and trend for mountain quail in Nevada from 2005-2023.

Mountain quail are mainly found in their native range in NDOW's Western Region where 88 percent of the birds were harvested by 98 percent of the hunters. Washoe County contributed 38 percent (n=188 birds) of the statewide harvest of mountain quail followed by Humboldt County with 24 percent (n=118 birds).

Population Status

Few formal surveys are conducted for mountain quail; however, the Department is interested in determining the status of mountain quail in various areas where birds were released during past translocation efforts. Some call routes have been conducted and innovative observation techniques have been developed that involve remote camera stations associated with automated call devices that periodically emit playback calls. Efforts using this device were successful at detecting the presence of mountain quail within the northern Snake Range in White Pine County in April of 2023.

WILD TURKEY

Season Structure

Fourteen areas were available for resident hunters to choose from for the spring 2024 season, while non-resident hunters were confined to three of those areas or hunt unit groups. A total of 145 tags (all combine hunt types) were made available for these hunts during the spring 2024 season. In addition, both residents and non-residents could apply for a special private land's turkey hunt in Paradise Valley of Humboldt County. A reported number of 45 tags were provided for the two private lands hunts. Youth hunters could apply for seven different areas with 18 tags set assigned to this hunt.

Most hunt seasons began on March 25th and concluded on May 7, 2023.

Harvest and Effort

Of the 144 tags that were issued during the spring 2024 season, 128 (89 percent) returned their mandatory questionnaire. Thirteen of those hunters reported that they did not hunt and of the 131 that did, 67 reported that they were successful in harvesting either a tom or a jake turkey. The 58 percent success rate represented a increase over the previous spring's success rate of 46 percent and was a 15.1 percent below the long-term mean of 50.4 percent success (Figure 12).

Hunters reported spending a total of 346 days hunting with an average of 3.0 days spent in the field per person. Additionally, each hunter spent 1.5 days scouting. Of the 67 birds harvested, 52 (78 percent) were reported as toms while 12 (18 percent) were reported as jakes.

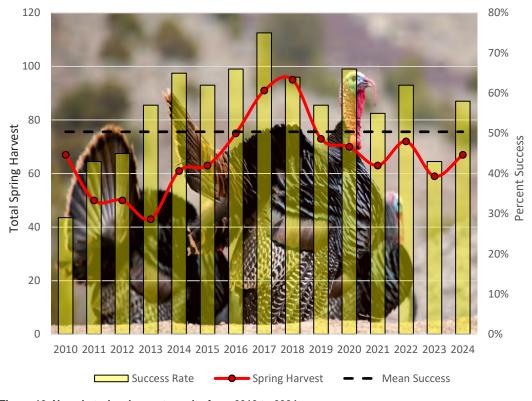


Figure 12. Nevada turkey harvest results from 2010 to 2024.

Sixty-four hunters reported that they used a shotgun to take their birds while 4 indicated that they used archery equipment. Average beard length was estimated at 7.6 inches, which is comparable to the average of 7.5 inches in 2023, but above the average of 7.0 inches reported during the 2020 season. Success rates and beard length are indicative of adequate numbers of older age class birds being available for most turkey populations throughout the state.

A total of 2,715 people applied for the limited entry spring turkey hunt in 2024. For the 100 limited entry tags available, this equated to an applicant success rate of 5.3 percent. This value is considered very low, even by most trophy big game species standards. A relatively high number of bonus points is required to have a reasonable chance at drawing one of these coveted tags.

Population Status

Success rates of 75 percent were reported for hunt units 151, 152, 154 and Mason Valley WMA and 100 percent for hunt units 91 in Lander County and 202 in Lyon County. Higher success rates (> 50 percent) were reported for Lander County above, Elko County hunt unit 91(100 percent), White Pine County (60 percent), Paradise Valley of Humboldt County (64 percent). Conversely, poor success rates were reported for Elko County hunt units 101, 102, and 065 (25 and 30 percent) percent Lincoln County (46 percent), Moapa Valley of Clark County (50 percent) and Pershing County (50 percent). If hunts units with lower success continue through the spring 2025 harvest, then additional management action may be required with respect to the number of tags and seasons available.

RABBIT

Season Structure and Limits

Rabbit seasons extended from November 1, 2023, through February 28, 2024. Daily limits were set at 10 per day with a possession limit of 30. A youth rabbit season was also held for those hunters aged 17 years and younger from September 9, through October 8, 2023.

Harvest and Effort

An estimated 1,413 rabbits were harvested during the 2023-2024 rabbit season by 619 hunters. The harvest estimate was 67 percent below the 10-year average of 4,430 while the number of hunters was down 41 percent from the 10-year average. Rabbit hunters averaged 0.45 rabbits per day which represented a decrease of 9.2 percent from the prior season and was down 45 percent from the 10-year average of 0.9 rabbits per day (Figure 13).

1.50 2.50 1.00 0.50 0.00 Rabbit Harvest Rabbit Harvest - - • Mean Harvest/Day Rabbit Harvest)

Figure 13. Nevada rabbit harvest rates from 2000-2023.

The Western Region contributed 62 percent of the statewide harvest followed by the Eastern Region with 17 percent and the Southern Region with the remaining 22 percent of the statewide harvest. Fifty two percent of the hunters reported that they spent time in the Western Region while 30 percent reported hunting in the Southern Region and 19 percent in the Eastern Region. Washoe County in the Western Region led all counties with 322 rabbits taken.

Population Status

The Game Division became concerned with the status of leporid populations in 2020. Thus, rabbit survey driving routes were established across the state to help monitor the relative density of rabbits. Twenty-nine routes were established, and surveys are repeated twice annually.

During the late summer months of 2024, just over 72 hours of personnel time were spent surveying 1307 miles of driving routes. A total of 649 rabbits were observed consisting of the following species:

- Black-tailed jackrabbit = 434
- White-tailed jackrabbit = 143
- Cottontail = 55
- Pygmy Rabbit = 3
- Unknown = 14

The density of rabbits per mile of route driven was 0.55 rabbits. When compared to the survey effort in 2023 (0.94), this value reflected a 41.5 percent decrease in the density of rabbits. However, this decrease should in rabbit density per mile should be viewed with caution as number the of miles traveled was greatly constricted do to many surveys' routes being undrivable following the historic winter of 2022-2023 and most likely made the density per mile inflated. The density observed this season was more reflective of the past seasons. For example, a total of 764 rabbits were observed during summertime surveys in 2021 where an equitable 1,683 miles (i.e., 0.46 rabbits per mile) of survey route was traveled. The long-term observed decline in rabbits is of concern to the Department, especially considering the detection of Rabbit Hemorrhagic Disease Type II in the population. The decline led the Department and the Nevada Board of Wildlife Commissioner's to shorten the rabbit season (November 1, 2022, through February 28, 2023) and decrease limits for the 2022-2023 season (5 per day and 15 in possession).

STATEWIDE SUMMARIES FOR MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

WATERFOWL

Season Structure and Limits

Using the guidelines of Adaptive Harvest Management (AHM) and the frameworks established by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS), the 2023–2024 duck hunting season allowed for a liberal season length and general bag limit, with specific bag limit restrictions for duck species that continue to remain below continental objectives. The Nevada Board of Wildlife Commissioners (Commission) adopted the full number of days (107) for Nevada allowed under the framework.

For the 2023–2024 duck hunting season, Nevada continued with a three-hunt-zone configuration. Nevada opted for a split season in all three zones. Nevada's 2023–2024 duck hunting season began in the Northeast Zone. The Northeast Zone had two season segments, the first beginning on September 23, 2023, and running until November 28, 2023. The second segment began December 9, 2023, and extended until January 15, 2024. The duck hunting season for the Northwest Zone also had two segments, the first running from October 14, 2023, to January 7, 2024 and the second running January 10, 2024 to January 28, 2024. The South Zone duck season first segment ran from October 14, 2023, to October 22, 2023, and the second segment ran October 25, 2023 extended to January 28, 2024. The Commission adopted a later general waterfowl opening date (October 28, 2023) for the Moapa Valley portion of the South Zone. Special youth waterfowl hunting days were held in each of the three zones (Northeast Zone: September 16 and 17, Northwest Zone: September 30 and February 10, and South Zone: February 10 and 11). Additionally, the South Zone included a special youth hunt day on Overton Wildlife Management Area on October 21.

Species restrictions continue to be in place with a daily bag limit of no more than seven total ducks in the bag. Within that daily limit hunters allowed no more than two redhead, one pintail and two canvasback of either sex and to have no more than a combination two hen mallard or two Mexican duck in the daily bag. Scaup restrictions for the 2023–2024 season were set for a two-bird daily bag limit and an 86-day season (Northeast Zone: September 23 to November 28, 2023, and December 9 to December 27, 2024, Northwest Zone: November 2, 2023, through Jan 7, 2024, and January 10 to January 28, 2024 and for all of South Zone: November 4, 2023 through January 28, 2024).

DUCKS & MERGANSERS

The general limit was seven ducks per day with twenty-one in possession with the species restrictions previously described. Data obtained through the NDOW's Post-season Questionnaire is reported in Table 1 and in the Appendix of this report. Within Table 1, NDOW's findings are compared to the results of the FWS's *Harvest Information Program* (HIP) survey as published in its July¹ findings publication. Table 2 describes harvest and effort statistics compiled through Nevada's post-season questionnaire.

¹ Raftovich, R.V., K.K. Fleming, S.C. Chandler and C.A. Cain. 2022. Migratory bird hunting activity and harvest during the 2020-21 and 2021-22 hunting seasons. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Laurel, Maryland. USA.

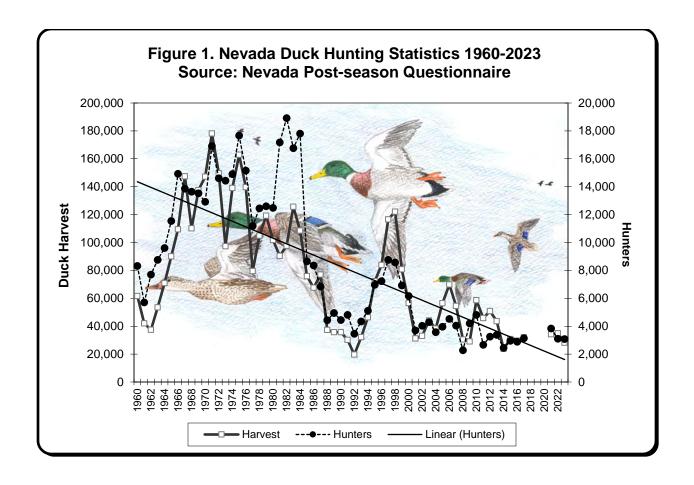
Table 1. Comparisons between HIP and Nevada post-season questionnaire.

Year	Est	imated Duck Hunters		Esti	mated Total Duck Harve	st
rear	HIP ⁽¹⁾	NV Questionnaire	% Diff.	HIP	NV Questionnaire	% Diff.
2012	3,900	3,247	-17%	51,000	50,892	-2%
2013	3,600	3,068	-15%	38,300	43,700	14%
2014	2,700	2,448	-9%	30,000	23,810	-21%
2015	2,400	2,651	11%	27,200	30,800	13%
2016	2,700	2,884	7%	32,400	29,650	-9%
2017	2,600	3,004	16%	30,400	32,018	5%
2018	3,400		n/a	46,300		n/a
2019	3,900		n/a	42,300		n/a
2020	3,500		n/a	28,800		n/a
2021	3,200	3,833	20%	32,500	34,211	5%
2022	2,900	3,100	7%	34,500	34,900	1%
2023	3,700	3,080	-17%	34,900	28,538	-18%
1Express	sed as "Active Adult	Hunters" within the HIP survey.				

Table 2. Statewide duck and merganser harvest from post-season questionnaire.

	STA	TEWIDE TO	TALS:	Percent Change		
	2023	2023 2022 10-Yr Av			vs. Avg.	
No. of Ducks & Mergs.	28,538	34,866	36,184	-18.1%	-21.1%	
No. of Hunters*	3,080	3,100	3,042	-0.5%	1.3%	
No. of Days	19,404	20,442	20,192	-5.0%	-3.9%	
Birds / Hunter	9.3	11.3	12.1	-17.7%	-23.4%	
Birds/Hunter Day	1.5	1.7	1.78	-13.9%	-17.6%	

Figure 1 below describes the trends for duck harvest and hunter numbers in Nevada based upon NDOW's post-season questionnaire data. Peaks are principally attributed to short term precipitation-driven habitat reprieves but again Nevada's habitat is not linked to continental duck numbers.



GEESE

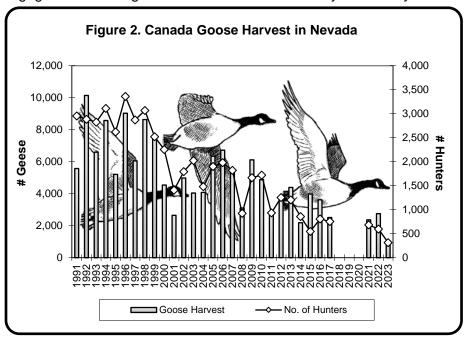
For the 2023–2024 goose hunting season, Nevada used a three-hunt-zone configuration. The hunting season for the Northeast Zone for dark geese (Canada geese and Brant and Whitefronted Geese) had two season segments, the first beginning on September 23, 2023, and running until November 28, 2023. The second segment began December 9, 2023 and extended until January 15, 2024. The dark goose hunting season for the Northwest Zone also had two segments, the first running from October 14, 2023 to January 7, 2024 and the second and running January 10, 2024 to January 28, 2024. The South Zone dark goose season first segment ran from October 14, 2023 to October 22, 2023 and the second segment ran October 25, 2023 extended to January 28, 2024. The Commission adopted a later general waterfowl opening date (October 28, 2023) for the Moapa Valley portion of the South Zone. The white goose (snow and Ross' goose) season for the Northeast Zone, South Zone and Moapa Valley portion of Clark County ran concurrent with dark goose seasons, but the Northwest Zones had a three-segment season to accommodate the late white goose hunt season. Season dates for the Northwest Zones regular season segments ran from November 4, 2023, until Jan 7, 2024 and January 10 to January 28, 2024. The Northwest Zones opened for a late white goose season from February 19, 2024, until March 10, 2024. Limits for the Canada geese and brant were five daily with fifteen in possession. White-fronted geese limits were ten daily with 30 in possession. Limits for white geese (Snow and Ross' geese) singly or in the aggregate were 20 daily with 60 in possession.

Table 3. Statewide dark and white goose harvest from post-season questionnaire.

INFORMATION	ST	ATEWIDE TOTA	PERCENT CHANGE			
Dark Geese Harvest	1061	2751	3130	-61.4%	-66.1%	
No. of Hunters	313	597	848	-47.6%	-63.1%	
White Geese Harvest	112	350	470	-68.0%	-76.2%	
No. of Hunters	49	69	190	-29.0%	-74.2%	
TOTAL GEESE	1173	3101	3301	-62.2%	-67.4%	

Most of Nevada's Canada geese harvest occurs in western Nevada within those counties that contain large amounts of cultivated fields or pastures. Douglas County has clearly established itself as the leader in dark goose harvest as well as having the highest harvest per hunter and harvest per hunter day statistics. Within the Pacific Flyway, large-bodied Canada geese have greatly expanded. Migrating geese that originate from both the relatively sedentary Pacific

Population and the more widespread and migratory Rocky Mountain Population comprise the majority of the hunter's bag in Nevada. There are locally produced geese hatching within Nevada's wetlands and translocated nuisance adult geese goslings that contribute to the harvest totals but these latter sources compared pale to numerical tide of geese that migratory bred and hatched elsewhere.



SWAN

The Nevada swan season had two season segments, the first beginning on October 14, 2023, and running until January 7, 2024. The second segment began January 10, 2024, and extended until January 28, 2024. A total of 650 permits were available through a draw with an online application. If any permits remained after the draw, they would be available for over the counter and on-line sales. A total of 893 individuals applied for a swan permit.

Continuing a flyway commitment to detect trumpeter swan harvest, NDOW required all successful hunters to have their swan and permit validated within three days of the harvest date. Agency personnel inspected swans at specific NDOW offices where they could examine the birds' bills and feather coloration. This scrutiny is necessary to detect the occurrence of trumpeter swans. In this manner, take can be documented and its impact to the latter species can be assessed.

Table 4. Past ten years of Nevada swan harvest.

Year	Tags / Permits Purchased			Expanded Hunter Days
2014	234	56%	25	890
2015	105	57%	8	265
2016	404	73%	133	1,127
2017	579	70%	127	1,847
2018	650	73%	233	1,779
2019	650	68%	228	1,160
2020	650	67%	266	1,787
2021	650	48%	126	1,616
2022	650	60%	149	1,911
2023	650	56%	72	2,421
2014-2023 Avg.	522	63%	136	1,480

For the 2023–2024 season, juvenile swans made up 15% of the total swan harvest (n = 10), a figure that is below the long-term average of 31%. Fifty-six percent of permitees hunted last year. Fifty-nine swans (82%) were reported taken at Stillwater NWR, in contrast to the long-term average of 61% of the harvest being from that location. No trumpeter swans were taken during the 2023–2024 season. Nevada's allowable Trumpeter take is a total of ten.

Waterfowl Population Status

Each year the FWS conducts a continental assessment of the status of waterfowl¹. The FWS follows established survey protocols to evaluate bird abundance and habitat conditions within traditional survey areas in the central and northwest portions of North America, known as the Prairie Pothole Region and the Canadian Parkland Region, and in Northwest Canada and Alaska. Service statisticians then incorporate these data into annual or multi-year population models.

Biologists estimated the 2022 continental spring breeding duck population (BPOP) within the traditional survey area at 34.2 million birds (Figure 3). This total was 12% lower than the 2019 (last) estimate (38.9 million) but is 4% lower than the long-term average.

¹U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. 2022. Waterfowl population status, 2022. U.S. Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C. USA.

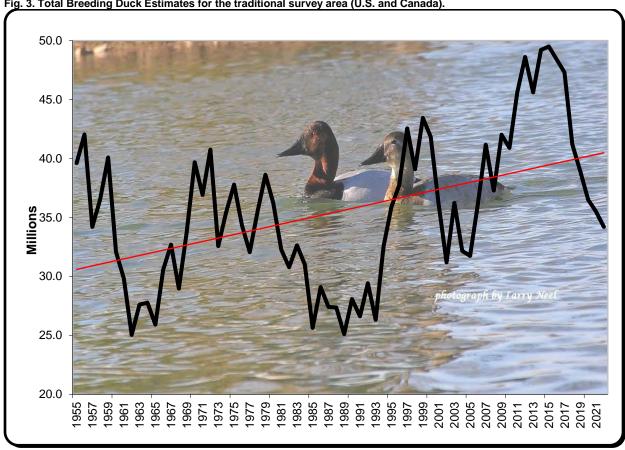


Fig. 3. Total Breeding Duck Estimates for the traditional survey area (U.S. and Canada).

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. 2022. Waterfowl population status, 2022. U.S. Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C. USA.

For the traditional survey area, many species showed stable numbers compared to the previous year, and most are still above the long-term average (Table 5).

Table 5. Five-year North American duck BPOP estimates (in thousands) and long-term average (LTA) for 10 species within the traditional survey area.

CDECIEC			YEAR			174	% CHANGE		
SPECIES	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	LTA	v.2019	v.LTA	
Mallard	9255	9423	No Data	No Data	7223	7941	-23%	-9%	
Gadwall	2886	3259	No Data	No Data	2665	2048	-18%	30%	
Pintail	2365	2268	No Data	No Data	1783	3898	-21%	-54%	
BW Teal	6450	5428	No Data	No Data	6485	5107	19%	27%	
GW Teal	3042	3178	No Data	No Data	2170	2179	-32%	0%	
Wigeon	2820	2832	No Data	No Data	2127	2622	-25%	-19%	
Shoveler	4207	3649	No Data	No Data	3041	2638	-17%	15%	
Scaup	3989	3591	No Data	No Data	3599	4968	0%	-28%	
Redhead	999	732	No Data	No Data	991	728	35%	36%	
Canvasback	686	652	No Data	No Data	585	591	-10%	-1%	

During 2023 NDOW banded a total of 1,079 ducks across the state. With totals of 329 ducks in Lahontan Valley (Stillwater NWR, Canvasback Club and Carson Lake WMA). Additionally, 64 ducks were banded at Key-Pittman Wildlife Management Area (WMA), 284 ducks were banded at Kirch WMA, 199 ducks were banded on Overton WMA and 156 ducks were banded at Steptoe Valley WMA and 214 ducks were banded at Kirch WMA. The recovery and report of these bands, mostly by hunters, will help estimate waterfowl abundance and distribution patterns.

DOVES

MOURNING, WHITE-WINGED DOVE, EURASIAN COLLARED

Harvest

Nevada's traditional dove season comprised 60 days, beginning on September 1, 2023 and running until October 30, 2023. The bag and possession limits were 15 and 45 in the aggregate, respectively. Mourning and white-wing dove hunting was statewide.

The FWS conducts harvest surveys through its Harvest Information Program (HIP) survey. The same protocols used to estimate waterfowl harvest are applied to the dove findings collected through this survey. Data obtained through the NDOW's Post-season Questionnaire is reported in Table 6 and in the Appendix of this report.

Table 6. Comparisons between estimated dove harvest statistics for Nevada.

YEAR	ESTIMA	ATED HUN	TER #'s	ESTIM <i>A</i>	ATED HUNT	ER DAYS	ESTIMATED DOVE HARVEST			
YEAR	HIP ⁽¹⁾	NV Q ⁽²⁾	% DIFF	HIP	NV Q	% DIFF	HIP	NV Q	% DIFF	
2013	3800	2439	-36%	9900	7236	-27%	31,900	20,510	-36%	
2014	2700	2149	-20%	6600	8026	22%	24,800	21,072	-15%	
2015	2200	1749	-21%	5000	5154	3%	22,400	15,566	-31%	
2016	3200	1396	-56%	7600	4962	-38%	32,100	14,956	-54%	
2017	2700	1431	-47%	6200	4705	-24%	16,000	11,997	-25%	
2018	2700			6200			21,400			
2019	3000			6200			25,300			
2020	800			1900			7600			
2021	1900	1505	-21%	4300	5342	24%	19,600	12,464	-36%	
2022	2300	1374	-40%	3200	5684	78%	14,400	14,656	1.8%	
2023	2200	1952	-11%	5700	7517	32%	12,700	22,075	73.8%	

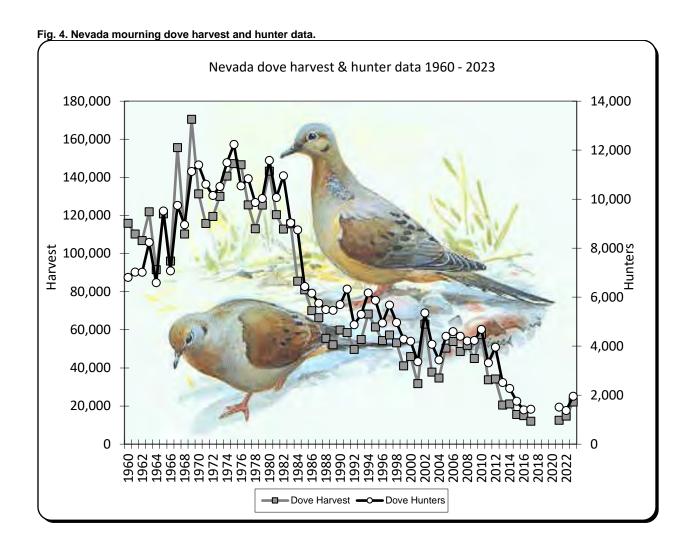
⁽¹⁾ Expressed as "Active Adult Hunters" within the HIP survey. (2) Figures are individual hunters

Hunter numbers estimated through Both the HIP process and NDOW's survey describes a decrease in hunter numbers. Dove harvest data obtained through the 2023–2024 Nevada Post-season Harvest Questionnaire are as follows:

Table 7. Nevada mourning dove harvest from post-season questionnaire.

Details		STATE TOTALS	PERCENT CHANGE			
	2023	2022	10-yer avg.	Prev. year	vs. avg.	
No. of Birds	22,075	14,656	18,678	50.6%	38.9%	
No. of Hunters ⁽³⁾	1952	1374	2116	42.1%	11.7%	
No. of Days	7517	5684	6673	32.2%	27.9%	
Birds / Hunter	11.3	10.6	8.91	0.1%	22.9%	
Birds / Hunter Day	2.94	2.58	2.77	0.1%	8.6%	

⁽³⁾ Figures in the row represent cumulative hunters.



White-winged Dove

For the 2023 season, an estimated 297 people reportedly hunted white-winged dove. This data was sufficient to perform an extrapolation of harvest. Those harvest figures are depicted in Appendix 2 of this report. Total estimated harvest of White-winged harvest for 2023 was 75 doves. The harvest rate was estimated to be 0.25 birds/hunter. NDOW cannot make comparisons between years because the white-winged dove data has been very sporadic. This species is not abundant in Nevada and will continue to be somewhat of a novelty among southern Nevada hunters.

Eurasian Collared Dove

Eurasian collared doves (ECDO) are a non-native introduced species and are not classified as a game species in Nevada. Data had been included in the status report out of interest in this often-hunted species.

The ECDO is a bird that is expanding its distribution and abundance throughout the nation and in Nevada. An estimated 494 individual hunters harvested ECDO in all but two of Nevada's 17 counties. The data supports an estimated statewide harvest of 3,368 compared to the 10-year

average of 2,723. The species is unprotected with no designated season and the questionnaire did not ask which month the birds were harvested. However, it is suspected that most were taken incidental to mourning dove hunting.

Table 8. Nevada Eurasian collared dove harvest from post-season questionnaire.

Details		STATE TOTALS	PERCENT CHANGE			
	2023	2022	13-22 avg.	Prev. Year	vs. avg.	
No. of Birds	3368	3106	2723	8.4%	23.7%	
No. of Hunters ⁽³⁾	494	383	344	29.0%	43.5%	
Birds / Hunter	6.82	8.10	8.04	-15.8%	-15.1%	

Population Status

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and the three mourning dove management units (Flyway based) uses a predictive model to monitor and assess mourning dove populations across the continent. This predictive model uses data retrieved from both nation-wide banding efforts as well as parts collection surveys to assess mourning dove populations. The model uses collected data and abundance estimates over time to determine maximum population growth rate and carrying capacity, from which the critical thresholds for harvest are derived.

During the 2023 field season, biologists captured and banded 335 mourning dove at several sites in the state. The recovery and report of these bands, mostly by hunters, will help estimate dove abundance and distribution patterns.

AMERICAN CROW

Harvest

Crow hunting was open statewide with two hunt periods. The fall hunt was September 1 to November 17, 2023, and the spring hunt extended from March 1 to April 15, 2024. The limit was 10 daily and 10 in possession and hunters were required to retrieve their crows and remove them from the field.

Harvest data indicates a harvest rate of 0.38 birds/day. Few people harvest American crow in Nevada resulting in a very small sample size from which to derive harvest data. This year, an estimated 41 individual respondents harvesting crows. Table 9 depicts harvest data for the past 10 years. The majority of crow harvest occurs in the fall hunt.

Table 9. Estimated American crow harvest in Nevada.

	CC	СН	DO	HU	LY	MN	PE	ST	WA	EL	EU	LA	WP	CL	ES	LN	NY
2011		9	9	88	4		4			494	13		62	119			
2012	0	10	5	79	251	-	-	-	49	128	39	-	0	-	-	-	74
2013	0	205	0	0	27	0	0	0	13	18	4	0	0	49	0	0	0
2014	34	0	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	29	0	0	0
2015									11	6						0	29
2016		39		20	20		12								98		
2017		0							10	17		30				90	
2021		9	-	12	9		6		6	18	21			3			
2022		3	44	12	15		29							3		29	
2023		24	17		7				2	10				10			2

No data were available for 2018-2020.

Since the sample size is still relatively small, variation in data can be quite substantial among years. The 2023–2024 harvest estimates are based upon data provided by information provided by a total of 17 questionnaire respondents. Only a greater distribution of questionnaires among small game hunters, a higher sampling rate, will achieve more statistically reliable data.

Population Status

Crows are not classified as migratory game birds under federal rule thus the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service does not regulate the take of American Crows. Accordingly, there are no coordinated efforts within the flyways to determine their population status. NDOW does not conduct any population analysis other than an analysis of harvest data. The species is ubiquitous and since it is lightly hunted within a broad statewide distribution, managers feel that the harvest data is not indicative of crow population trends.

STATEWIDE SUMMARIES FOR FURBEARER ANIMALS

Season Structure

The 2023–2024 trapping season for most of Nevada's furbearer species (beaver, muskrat, mink, otter, and kit and red fox) began October 1, 2023. The seasons extended through April 30, 2024, for beaver, muskrat and mink, March 31, 2024, for otter and February 28, 2024 for kit and red fox. The 2023–2024 gray fox season and bobcat season ran concurrently from November 11, 2023, ending February 18, 2024.

Harvest and Prices

Statewide bobcat harvest for the 2023–2024 season was 1,336 (Table 1). This was a 51.6% increase from the 2022–2023 season (881). The 2023–2024 harvest was 30% lower than the 10-year average of 1,912 and 39% lower than the long-term average of 2,204 bobcats per season. Lower harvest rates are a result of low pelt prices and high fuel costs during the past season. In addition to the reported harvest, 5 bobcats were removed from partner agencies and 1 roadkill was reported during the past year. The number of trappers and trap day numbers remain lower than the 10-year average as can be seen from table 1. Statewide bobcat production was 61 kittens/100 adult females. Bobcat production for 2023 was 17% higher than the 10-year average (52/100) and 4% lower than the long-term average (64/100). During the 2023–2024 season, average bobcat pelt prices decreased 7% to \$386.17 as compared to the 2022–2023 season average of \$416.24.

Table 1. Bobcat harvest by region.

		WESTER	N		EASTERN		SOUTHERN			
DETAILS	2023-	2022-	10-YR	2023-	2022-	10-YR	2023-	2022-	10-YR	
	2024	2023	AVG.	2024	2023	AVG.	2024	2023	AVG.	
Bobcat Harvest	467	250	618	456	253	565	413	378	730	
No. of Trappers	82	66	115	96	74	126	77	84	131	
Trap Days	63,631	34,982	116,928	64,732	36,575	89,297	63,896	62,662	115,424	
Trap Days/Cat	138	153	197	169	204	175	202	263	199	
Bobcats/Trapper	5.7	3.8	5.4	4.8	3.7	4.5	5.4	4.5	5.6	

Overall, statewide harvest of furbearing animals during the 2023–2024 season (3,747) was 75% below long-term average (15,089). Harvest of all furbearing species increased 14% when compared to the 2022–2023 season (Table 2). Coyote harvest during the 2023–2024 season decreased 25% from the previous season. The number of licensed trappers during the 2023–2024 season (838) decreased 6% from the previous year (887). This number is above the 30-year average of 773 trappers. Fur prices for the past season increased for some species and decreased for others. Please see furbearer tables in the appendix for complete harvest and fur prices.

Table 2. Selected Furbearer Harvest Synopsis by Region.

CDECIEC	2022.24	2022.22	10-YR	PERCENT CHANGE			
SPECIES	2023-24	2022-23	AVGERAGE	Prev. Year	10-Year Avg.		
STATEWIDE							
Coyote	807	1079	2455	-25%	-63%		
Gray Fox	438	357	710	23%	-38%		
Kit Fox	207	183	404	13%	-49%		
Beaver	398	442	332	-10%	20%		
Muskrat	519	104	649	399%	-20%		
Mink	28	24	22	17%	27%		
EASTERN REGION				_			
Coyote	225	278	940	-19%	-76%		
Gray Fox	45	43	89	5%	-49%		
Kit Fox	23	2	31	1050%	-26%		
Beaver	151	194	118	-22%	28%		
Muskrat	26	9	65	189%	-60%		
Mink	23	18	11	28%	109%		
WESTERN REGION							
Coyote	431	683	1120	-37%	-62%		
Gray Fox	99	89	184	11%	-46%		
Kit Fox	93	81	142	15%	-35%		
Beaver	231	209	203	11%	14%		
Muskrat	493	95	577	419%	-15%		
Mink	5	6	10	-17%	-50%		
SOUTHERN REGION							
Coyote	151	118	375	28%	-60%		
Gray Fox	294	225	502	31%	-41%		
Kit Fox	91	100	223	-9%	-59%		
Beaver	16	39	12	-59%	33%		
Muskrat	0	0	7	0%	-100%		
Mink	0	0	1	0%	-100%		

Populations

Furbearer harvest data are obtained each year by summarizing and expanding postseason questionnaire information obtained from licensed trappers. These data have been comparable for decades. Additionally, the Department obtains bobcat harvest data and trapper effort through a mandatory check-in process. Trappers are required to retain and remit a portion of the lower jaw preserving one or more canine teeth. Biologists can later extract the canines and determine the age classification of the animal, adult or juvenile, based upon tooth characteristics. Various data from harvest and age characteristics of harvested bobcats are used to assess population status and trends.

APPENDIX I

UPLAND HARVEST TABLES	A-1
SPRING TURKEY SUMMARY	A-1 1
WATERFOWL HARVEST DATA	A-12
SUMMARY OF STATEWIDE FUR HARVEST	A-18

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE Small Game Post-Season Questionnaire

UPLAND GAME SURVEY

SAGE-GROUSE

HUNTING SEASON:

2023-2024

Expanded Data

Surv	Survey Type: Upland Game Stamp Holders Harvest and Hunting Pressure by County of Kill										
R	County of Kill	Total Harvest	# of Hunters	# of Hunter Days	Kill/ Hunter	Kill/ Day	% of total Kill	% of total Hunters			
	Carson City	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%			
	Churchill	3	3	3	1.0	1.0	0%	1%			
	Douglas*	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%			
2	Humboldt	319	207	312	1.5	1.0	40%	35%			
WESTERN	Lyon*	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%			
/ES	Mineral*	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%			
2	Pershing*	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%			
	Storey*	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%			
	Washoe	34	68	112	0.5	0.3	4%	12%			
	Western Region Subtotals:	356	278	427	1.3	0.8	45%	47%			
	Elko	376	231	458	1.6	0.8	47%	39%			
§.	Eureka	17	14	17	1.3	1.0	2%	2%			
EASTERN	Lander	34	31	51	1.1	0.7	4%	5%			
EA	White Pine	3	7	7	0.5	0.5	0%	1%			
	Eastern Region Subtotals:	431	281	532	1.5	0.8	54%	48%			
	Clark*	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0%	0%			
ERN	Esmeralda*	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0%	0%			
SOUTHERN	Lincoln*	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0%	0%			
sor	Nye	10	27	54	0.4	0.2	1%	5%			
	Southern Region Subtotals:	10	27	54	0.4	0.2	1%	5%			
	TOTALS:	797	586	1014	1.4	0.8	100%	100%			

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE Small Game Post-season Questionnaire

UPLAND GAME SURVEY

BLUE GROUSE

HUNTING SEASON:

2023-2024

Expanded Data

Survey Type: Upland Game Stamp

Harvest and Hunting Pressure by County of

Holders

				# of				% of
R	County of Kill	Total Harvest	# of Hunters	Hunter Days	Kill/ Hunter	Kill/ Day	% of total Kill	total Hunters
	Carson City	40	37	114	1.1	0.3	8%	8%
	Churchill	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Douglas	57	40	119	1.4	0.5	12%	8%
>	Humboldt	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
WESTERN	Lyon	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
ES7	Mineral	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
×	Pershing	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Storey	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Washoe	65	107	298	0.6	0.2	14%	23%
	Western Region Subtotals:	162	184	532	0.9	0.3	34%	39%
	Elko	127	139	408	0.9	0.3	27%	29%
EASTERN	Eureka	0	5	5	0.0	0.0	0%	1%
STE	Lander	52	32	87	1.6	0.6	11%	7%
EA	White Pine	129	102	343	1.3	0.4	27%	21%
	Eastern Region Subtotals:	308	278	843	1.1	0.4	65%	59%
>	Clark	0	2	5	0.0	0.0	0%	1%
ERI	Esmeralda	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
ΙĘ	Lincoln	0	2	5	0.0	0.0	0%	1%
SOUTHERN	Nye	5	7	10	0.7	0.5	1%	2%
	Southern Region Subtotals:	5	12	20	0.4	0.3	1%	3%
	TOTALS:	475	475	1394	1.0	0.3	100%	100%

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE Small Game Post-season Questionnaire

UPLAND GAME SURVEY

RUFFED GROUSE

Expanded Data

HUNTING SEASON:

Holders

2023-2024

Survey Type: Upland Game Stamp

Harvest and Hunting Pressure by County of

Kill

				# of			% of	
		Total	# of	Hunter	Kill/	Kill/	total	% of total
R	County of Kill	Harvest	Hunters	Days	Hunter	Day	Kill	Hunters
	Carson City	0	5	5	0.0	0.0	0%	3%
	Churchill	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Douglas	0	2	2	0.0	0.0	0%	2%
≥ .	Humboldt	2	12	21	0.2	0.1	2%	8%
WESTERN	Lyon	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
ES.	Mineral	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
3	Pershing	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Storey	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Washoe	5	9	50	0.5	0.1	4%	6%
	Western Region Subtotals:	7	28	78	0.3	0.1	5.7%	19.0%
	Elko	118	108	316	1.1	0.4	94%	73%
EASTERN	Eureka	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
STE	Lander	0	7	33	0.0	0.0	0%	5%
EA	White Pine	0	5	7	0.0	0.0	0%	3%
	Eastern Region Subtotals:	118	120	356	1.0	0.3	94.3%	81.0%
>	Clark	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
ERI	Esmeralda	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
Ή	Lincoln	0	0	0		#DIV/0!	0%	0%
SOUTHERN	Nye	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Southern Region Subtotals:	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0%	0%
	TOTALS:	125	149	434	0.8	0.3	100%	100%

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE Small Game Post-season Questionnaire

UPLAND GAME SURVEY

HUNTING SEASON:

2023-2024

CHUKAR

Survey Type: Upland Game Stamp Holders

Expanded Data

Harvest and Hunting Pressure by County of

Star	np Holders			Kill				
				# of				% of
		Total	# of	Hunter	Kill/		% of	total
R	County of Kill	Harvest	Hunters	Days	Hunter	Kill/ Day	total Kill	Hunters
	Carson City	96	59	425	1.6	0.2	0%	1%
	Churchill	2410	638	1929	3.8	1.2	4%	8%
	Douglas	256	83	259	3.1	1.0	0%	1%
≥.	Humboldt	17228	1677	9924	10.3	1.7	28%	20%
WESTERN	Lyon	1257	416	1972	3.0	0.6	2%	5%
ES.	Mineral	259	74	240	3.5	1.1	0%	1%
8	Pershing	4259	595	2392	7.2	1.8	7%	7%
	Storey	108	52	145	2.1	0.7	0%	1%
	Washoe	16260	1991	10368	8.2	1.6	27%	24%
	Western Region Subtotals:	42134	5585	27655	7.5	1.5	70%	68%
	Elko	11785	1307	6725	9.0	1.8	19%	16%
EASTERN	Eureka	2053	259	1045	7.9	2.0	3%	3%
STE	Lander	3501	450	2167	7.8	1.6	6%	5%
EA	White Pine	60	17	63	3.5	1.0	0%	0%
	Eastern Region Subtotals:	17399	2033	9999	8.6	1.7	29%	25%
1	Clark	336	247	866	1.4	0.4	1%	3%
ER	Esmeralda	59	34	102	1.7	0.6	0%	0%
Ħ	Lincoln	133	123	450	1.1	0.3	0%	2%
SOUTHERN	Nye	552	188	678	2.9	0.8	1%	2%
رد	Southern Region Subtotals:	1079	592	2096	1.8	0.5	2%	7%
	TOTALS:	60611	8209	39750	7.4	1.5	100%	100%

UPLAND GAME SURVEY

HUNGARIAN PARTRIDGE

HUNTING SEASON:

2023-2024

Expanded Data

Survey Type: Upland Game Stamp

Hold	ers			Harvest and	Hunting	Pressu	re by Cou	nty of Kill
R	County of Kill	Total Harvest	# of Hunters	# of Hunter Days	Kill/ Hunter	Kill/ Day	% of total Kill	% of total Hunters
	Carson City	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Churchill	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Douglas	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
≳	Humboldt	1746	463	2420	3.8	0.7	49%	43%
WESTERN	Lyon	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
ES.	Mineral	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
2	Pershing	13	10	20	1.3	0.6	0%	1%
	Storey	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Washoe	0	13	136	0.0	0.0	0%	1%
	Western Region Subtotals:	1759	486	2576	3.6	0.7	50%	45%
	Elko	1605	483	2576	3.3	0.6	45%	45%
EASTERN	Eureka	75	45	106	1.7	0.7	2%	
STE	Lander	111	58	367	1.9	0.3	3%	5%
EA	White Pine	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Eastern Region Subtotals:	1791	586	3049	3.1	0.6	50%	55%
2	Clark	0	0	0		#DIV/0!	0%	0%
ER	Esmeralda	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	
SOUTHERN	Lincoln	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	
SO	Nye	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Southern Region Subtotals:	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%

1072

5626

3.3

100%

100%

0.6

3550

TOTALS:

UPLAND GAME SURVEY

CALIFORNIA QUAIL

HUNTING SEASON:

2023-2024

Expanded Data

Survey Type: Upland Game Stamp Holders

Harvest and Hunting Pressure by County of

Kill

поіц	CIS			KIII				
				# of				% of
		Total	# of	Hunter	Kill/		% of	total
R	County of Kill	Harvest	Hunters	Days	Hunter	Kill/ Day	total Kill	Hunters
	Carson City	187	29	184	6.5	1.0	2%	2%
	Churchill	1492	169	597	8.8	Hunter Kill/ Day total Kil 6.5 1.0 2% 8.8 2.5 15% 5.7 1.6 6% 7.1 1.6 18% 6.8 1.3 21% 5.0 5.0 0% 8.9 2.7 6% 4.4 2.1 2% 5.0 1.1 28% 6.4 1.4 97% 3.8 1.0 2% 0.0 0.0 0% #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0% 3.3 0.9 2% 0.0 0.0 0% 0.0 0.0 0% 0.0 0.0 0% 1.0 0.7 0% 1.7 0.4 1%	10%	
	Douglas	602	106	376	5.7	1.6	6%	6%
≥ .	Humboldt	1816	257	1150	7.1	1.6	18%	15%
WESTERN	Lyon	2112	309	1630	6.8	1.3	21%	19%
ES.	Mineral	13	3	3	5.0	5.0	0%	0%
3	Pershing	576	65	215	8.9	2.7	6%	4%
	Storey	171	39	83	4.4	2.1	2%	2%
	Washoe	2779	558	2512	5.0	1.1	28%	33%
	Western Region Subtotals:	9749	1534	6750	6.4	1.4	97%	92%
	Elko	189	49	189	3.8	1.0	2%	3%
EASTERN	Eureka	16	3	5	0.0	0.0	0%	0%
STE	Lander	18	16	57	1.2	0.3	0%	1%
EA	White Pine	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Eastern Region Subtotals:	223	67	252	3.3	0.9	2%	4%
_	Clark	57	34	130	0.0	0.0	1%	2%
ER	Esmeralda	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0%	0%
Ħ	Lincoln	34	10	65	0.0	0.0	0%	1%
SOUTHERN	Nye	21	21	106	1.0	0.7	0%	1%
	Southern Region Subtotals:	112	65	301	1.7	0.4	1%	4%
	TOTALS:	10084	1666	7302	6.1	1.4	100%	100%

UPLAND GAME SURVEY

GAMBEL'S QUAIL

HUNTING SEASON:

2023-2024 Expanded Data

Survey Type: Upland Game Stamp

Harvest and Hunting Pressure by County of

Holo	ders			Kill	ina manti			,
		Total	# of	# of Hunter	Kill/	Kill/	% of	% of total
R	County of Kill	Harvest	Hunters	Days	Hunter	Day	total Kill	Hunters
	Carson City	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Churchill	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Douglas	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
≥	Humboldt	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
WESTERN	Lyon	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
ES.	Mineral	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
8	Pershing	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Storey	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Washoe	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Western Region Subtotals:	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0%	0%
	Elko	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
RN	Eureka	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
EASTERN	Lander	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
EA	White Pine	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Eastern Region Subtotals:	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0%	0%
٨	Clark	1645	431	1931	3.8	0.9	64%	69%
ER/	Esmeralda	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
ΉΉ	Lincoln	780	147	684	5.3	1.1	31%	23%
SOUTHERN	Nye	127	49	185	2.6	0.7	5%	8%
ره	Southern Region Subtotals	2552	628	2800	4.1	0.9	100%	100%
	TOTALS:	2552	628	2800	4.1	0.9	100%	100%

UPLAND GAME SURVEY

MOUNTAIN QUAIL

HUNTING SEASON:

2023-2024

Survey Type: Upland Game Stamp

Harvest and Hunting Pressure by County of

Kill

Expanded Data

Holo	lers			Kill				
				# of				% of
		Total	# of	Hunter	Kill/		% of	total
R	County of Kill	Harvest	Hunters	Days	Hunter	Kill/ Day	total Kill	Hunters
	Carson City	7	7	41	1.0	0.2	1%	3%
	Churchill	36	12	41	3.0	0.9	7%	5%
	Douglas	39	39	118	1.0	0.3	8%	15%
≳	Humboldt	118	17	75	7.0	1.6	24%	7%
WESTERN	Lyon	101	36	255	2.8	0.4	20%	14%
ES	Mineral	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
Ž	Pershing	0	2	5	0.0	0.0	0%	1%
	Storey	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Washoe	188	123	653	1.5	0.3	38%	49%
	Western Region Subtotals:	489	236	1188	2.1	0.4	98%	93%
_	Elko	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
8	Eureka	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
STE	Lander	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
EASTERN	White Pine	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
	Eastern Region Subtotals:	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
>	Clark	10	10	43	1.0	0.2	2%	4%
SOUTHERN	Esmeralda	0	5	7	0.0	0.0	0%	2%
ΙĒ	Lincoln	0	2	19	0.0	0.0	0%	1%
0	Nye	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
S	Southern Region Subtotals:	10	17	70	0.6	0.1	2%	7%
			253	2565	2.0	0.2	100%	100%

UPLAND GAME SURVEY

RABBIT

HUNTING SEASON:

2023-2024 Expanded Data

Survey Type: Upland Game

Harvest and Hunting Pressure by County of

Stamp Holders Kill

				# of				% of
		Total	# of	Hunter	Kill/		% of	total
R	County of Kill	Harvest	Hunters	Days	Hunter	Kill/ Day	total Kill	Hunters
	Carson City	8	3	25	3.0	0.3	1%	0%
	Churchill	147	48	150	3.1	1.0	10%	8%
	Douglas	107	18	213	6.0	0.5	8%	3%
≳	Humboldt	74	33	236	2.2	0.3	5%	5%
WESTERN	Lyon	198	58	454	3.4	0.4	14%	9%
ES	Mineral	0	0	0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0%	0%
3	Pershing	15	13	28	1.2	0.5	1%	2%
	Storey	5	3	5	2.0	1.0	0%	0%
	Washoe	322	145	584	2.2	0.6	23%	23%
	Western Region Subtotals:	875	320	1695	2.7	0.5	62%	52%
	Elko	137	79	327	1.7	0.4	10%	13%
EASTERN	Eureka	10	3	10	4.0	1.0	1%	0%
STE	Lander	23	15	56	1.5	0.4	2%	2%
EA	White Pine	63	20	109	3.1	0.6	4%	3%
	Eastern Region Subtotals:	233	117	502	2.0	0.5	17%	19%
>	Clark	236	122	571	1.9	0.4	17%	20%
ER	Esmeralda	0	3	25	0.0	0.0	0%	0%
Ħ	Lincoln	41	28	129	1.5	0.3	3%	5%
SOUTHERN	Nye	28	30	183	0.9	0.2	2%	5%
	Southern Region Subtotals:	304	183	908	1.7	0.3	22%	30%
	TOTALS:	1413	619	3106	2.3	0.5	100%	100%

TURKEY RETURN CARD	DATA			S	TATE	NIDE S	SUMMA	RY				SPRIN	G 2024		
Hunt Area	Tag	# Tags	# Qstr.	%			Effort				Harvest		Chose Not	Weapo	n Type
Hunt Area	Quota	Issued	Rtnd	Rtn	# Succ.	%Succ.	Days Hunted	Days Scouted	DNH	Tom	Jake	Lost	to Harvest	Archery	Shotgun
Any Hunt Unit	5	5	5	100%	3	60%	5	8	0	3	0	0	0	1	2
Elko Co Unit 91	2	2	2	100%	1	100%	1	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
Elko Co Unit 101	5	5	5	100%	1	25%	15	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
Elko Co Unit 102 & 065**	13	13	11	85%	3	30%	48	21	1	2	1	1	0	0	4
Elko and White Pine Co Unit 103															
& 108**	4	4	4	100%	1	50%	7	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	1
Lander Co Units 151 & 152*	8	8	8	100%	7	88%	25	33	0	7	0	0	0	1	6
Lander Co Unit 154	5	5	5	100%	4	80%	32	4	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
Lincoln County * *!	17	17	16	94%	6	46%	38	5	3	5	1	0	0	0	6
That Portion of Lyon Co Unit															
202**	2	1	1	100%	1	100%	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Mason Valley WMA* **	8	8	8	100%	5	83%	12	9	2	1	2	0	0	0	5
Moapa Valley* **	13	13	13	100%	6	50%	29	31	1	4	2	1	0	0	6
Paradise Valley**	45	45	34	76%	21	64%	71	32	1	18	3	0	0	0	21
Pershing County* **	13	13	11	85%	5	50%	34	15	1	4	1	0	0	1	4
White Pine Co Unit 115* *!	5	5	5	100%	3	60%	28	7	0	2	0	0	0	1	2
TOTALS:	145	144	128	89%	67	58%	346	178	13	52	12	2	0	4	64
*Includes youth hunt information									If DNH is	blank, ther	e were no	values repo	orted.		

^{*}Includes youth hunt information

5.3%

^{**}Includes Non-resident information

		Effort Statistics		Bird Statistics				
Hunt Area	Average	Average Scout	%	% of H	Iarvest	Lost	Avg.	
	Days/Hunter	Days/Hunter	DNH	Ad. M	Juv. M	Rate	Beard Length	
Any Hunt Unit	1.0	1.6	0%	100%	0%	0.0%	8.3	
Elko Co Unit 091	1.0	4.0	50%	0%	100%	0.0%	6	
Elko Co Unit 101	3.8	1.0	20%	100%	0%	0.0%	8.0	
Elko Co Unit 102 & 065	4.8	2.1	9%	67%	33%	33.3%	6.3	
Elko and White Pine Co Unit 103							10.0	
& 108**	3.5	2.0	9%	100%	0%	0.0%	10.0	
Lander Co Units 151 & 152	3.1	4.1	50%	100%	0%	0.0%	8.7	
Lander Co Unit 154	6.4	0.8	19%	75%	25%	0.0%	6.8	
Lincoln County	2.9	0.4	0%	83%	17%	0.0%	6.8	
That Portion of Lyon Co Unit							8.0	
202**	1.0	1.0	25%	100%	0%	0.0%	0.0	
Mason Valley WMA	2.0	1.5	8%	20%	40%	0.0%	7.9	
Moapa Valley	2.4	2.6	3%	67%	33%	16.7%	7.6	
Paradise Valley	2.2	1.0	3%	86%	14%	0.0%	6.8	
Pershing County	3.4	1.5	9%	80%	20%	0.0%	6.8	
White Pine Co Unit 115	5.6	1.4	0%	67%	0%	0.0%	8.7	
TOTALS:	3.0	1.5	10%	78%	18%	2.7%	7.6	

^{*!}Includes youth hunt information and Heritage tag harvest information

^{2,715} applications for 145 tags available in the draw.

APPENDIX II

2023-24 SMALL GAME AND WATERFOWL HARVEST DATA

DERIVED FROM MODIFIED POST-SEASON QUESTIONNAIRE

	WATERFOW	/L	Species:		DUCKS	}		
	HUNTING SE				Expande			
	Survey Type:	Harvest	and Hunt	ing Press	sure by Co	ounty of k	Cill	
R	County of Harvest	Total Harvest	# of Hunters	# of Hunter Days	Kill/ Hunter	Kill/ Day	% of total Kill	% of total Hunters
	Carson City	22	14	45	1.50	0.48	0.1%	0.5%
	Churchill	11,963	1,033	8,279	11.58	1.44	41.9%	33.5%
	Douglas	2,295	184	1,327	12.44	1.73	8.0%	6.0%
WESTERN	Humboldt	374	80	331	4.70	1.13	1.3%	2.6%
STI	Lyon	2,197	257	1,644	8.56	1.34	7.7%	8.3%
WE	Mineral	776	51	369	15.32	2.10	2.7%	1.6%
	Pershing	392	49	204	8.04	1.92	1.4%	1.6%
	Storey	230	36	165	6.35	1.40	0.8%	1.2%
	Washoe	1,944	331	1,644	5.87	1.18	6.8%	10.7%
z	Elko	2,452	329	1,434	7.45	1.71	8.6%	10.7%
TER	Eureka	134	24	94	5.69	1.42	0.5%	0.8%
EASTERN	Lander	228	33	148	7.00	1.54	0.8%	1.1%
	White Pine	633	67	242	9.46	2.61	2.2%	2.2%
	Clark	2,658	329	1,931	8.08	1.38	9.3%	10.7%
ERN	Esmeralda	0	2	2	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.1%
SOUTHERN	Lincoln	1,698	177	1,056	9.58	1.61	6.0%	5.8%
SC	Nye	543	85	488	6.38	1.11	1.9%	2.8%
	TOTALS:	28,538	3,080	19,404	9.3	1.5	100%	100%

Small Game Post-season Questionnaire ESTIMATED HARVEST

WATERFOWL

Species:

DARK GEESE

Canada and White Front

HUNTING SEASON:

2023-24

Expanded Data

	Survey Type.	naivesi		ing Fress	ure by Co	ounty of r		
R	County of Harvest	Total Harvest	# of Hunters	# of Hunter Days	Kill/ Hunter	Kill/ Day	% of total Kill	% of total Hunters
	Carson City	9	4	13	2.50	0.71	0.9%	1.2%
	Churchill	94	46	283	2.04	0.33	8.9%	14.8%
	Douglas	342	67	407	5.14	0.84	32.3%	21.3%
I N	Humboldt	65	19	83	3.50	0.78	6.1%	5.9%
WESTERN	Lyon	156	41	252	3.82	0.62	14.7%	13.0%
×	Mineral	22	6	52	0.00	0.00	2.1%	1.8%
	Pershing	2	2	6	1.00	0.33	0.2%	0.6%
	Storey	0	2	11	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.6%
	Washoe	43	33	120	1.28	0.35	4.0%	10.7%
z	Elko	100	35	209	2.84	0.48	9.4%	11.2%
EASTERN	Eureka	26	9	63	2.80	0.41	2.4%	3.0%
EAS	Lander	6	4	20	1.50	0.27	0.5%	1.2%
	White Pine	76	13	44	5.86	1.71	7.2%	4.1%
	Clark	44	13	209	3.43	0.21	4.2%	4.1%
ER	Esmeralda	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
SOUTHERN	Lincoln	46	17	207	2.78	0.22	4.4%	5.3%
SC	Nye	30	4	20	8.00	1.45	2.8%	1.2%
	TOTALS:	1,061	313	2,001	3.39	0.53	100%	100%

Small Game Post-season Questionnaire ESTIMATED HARVEST

WATERFOWL

Species:

WHITE GEESE

Snow and Ross

HUNTING SEASON: 2023-24

Expanded Data

R		Total	# of	# of Hunter			% of total	% of total
K	County of Harvest	Harvest	Hunters	Days	Kill/ Hunter	Kill/ Day	Kill	Hunters
	Carson City	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
	Churchill	94	24	130	4.00	0.72	83.9%	48.1%
	Douglas	4	2	4	2.00	1.00	3.2%	3.7%
I N	Humboldt	0	2	4	0.00	0.00	0.0%	3.7%
WESTERN	Lyon	4	4	49	1.00	0.07	3.2%	7.4%
×	Mineral	2	2	4	0.00	0.00	1.6%	3.7%
	Pershing	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
	Storey	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
	Washoe	9	7	51	1.25	0.18	8.1%	14.8%
z	Elko	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
EASTERN	Eureka	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
EAS.	Lander	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
	White Pine	0	2	2	0.00	0.00	0.0%	3.7%
	Clark	0	4	9	0.00	0.00	0.0%	7.4%
ERN	Esmeralda	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
SOUTHERN	Lincoln	0	4	109	0.00	0.00	0.0%	7.4%
SC	Nye	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
	TOTALS:	112	49	360	2.30	0.31	100%	100%

Small Game Post-season Questionnaire ESTIMATED HARVEST

WATERFOWL Species:

COOT

HUNTING SEASON: 2023-24

Expanded Data

		Total	# of	# of Hunter	,		% of total	% of total
R	County of Harvest	Harvest	Hunters	Days	Kill/ Hunter	Kill/ Day	Kill	Hunters
	Carson City	13	4	24	0.00	0.00	3.4%	6.3%
	Churchill	177	11	54	16.33	3.27	48.3%	18.8%
	Douglas	25	2	2	0.00	0.00	6.9%	3.1%
RN	Humboldt	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
WESTERN	Lyon	18	5	24	0.00	0.00	4.9%	9.4%
WE	Mineral	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
	Pershing	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
	Storey	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
	Washoe	14	7	45	0.00	0.00	3.9%	12.5%
z	Elko	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
EASTERN	Eureka	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
:AS	Lander	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Ш	White Pine	9	2	14	0.00	0.00	2.5%	3.1%
	Clark	99	20	99	5.00	1.00	27.1%	34.4%
ERN	Esmeralda	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
SOUTHERN	Lincoln	11	7	36	1.50	0.30	3.0%	12.5%
SC	Nye	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
	TOTALS:	367	58	298	6.34	1.23	100%	100%

Small Game Post-season Questionnaire ESTIMATED HARVEST

MIGRATORY BIRDS Species: MOURNING DOVE

HUNTING SEASON: 2023-24

Expanded Data

Survey Type: Harvest and Hunting Pressure by County of Kill

	County of	Total	# of	# of Hunter			% of total	% of total
R	Harvest	Harvest	Hunters	Days	Kill/ Hunter	Kill/ Day	Kill	Hunters
	Carson City	265	22	148	12.11	1.79	1.2%	1.1%
	Churchill	4,526	263	983	17.22	4.60	20.5%	13.5%
	Douglas	562	71	336	7.97	1.67	2.5%	3.6%
IRN N	Humboldt	852	56	236	15.22	3.61	3.9%	2.9%
WESTERN	Lyon	3,915	326	1,290	12.01	3.04	17.7%	16.7%
×	Mineral	192	22	129	8.78	1.49	0.9%	1.1%
	Pershing	231	27	58	8.64	3.96	1.0%	1.4%
	Storey	139	19	61	7.13	2.28	0.6%	1.0%
	Washoe	5,327	484	1,891	11.00	2.82	24.1%	24.8%
z	Elko	594	119	336	4.98	1.77	2.7%	6.1%
EASTERN	Eureka	346	24	58	14.20	5.92	1.6%	1.2%
EAS	Lander	134	10	51	13.75	2.62	0.6%	0.5%
Ľ	White Pine	307	27	85	11.45	3.60	1.4%	1.4%
	Clark	2,253	265	1,058	8.50	2.13	10.2%	13.6%
SOUTHERN	Esmeralda	134	12	29	11.00	4.58	0.6%	0.6%
E	Lincoln	1,297	105	328	12.40	3.95	5.9%	5.4%
sc	Nye	1,003	100	438	10.05	2.29	4.5%	5.1%
	TOTALS:	22,075	1,952	7,517	11.31	2.94	100%	100%

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE

Small Game Post-season Questionnaire ESTIMATED HARVEST

MIGRATORY BIRDS Species White-winged Dove

HUNTING SEASON: 2023-24 Expanded Data

	Total				% of total
County of Harvest	Harvest	# of Hunters	Kill/ Hunter	% of total Kill	Hunters
Clark	39	129	0.30	51.6%	43.4%
Nye	7	107	0.07	9.7%	36.1%
Lincoln	29	61	0.48	38.7%	20.5%
TOTALS:	75	297	0.25	100%	100%

Small Game Post-season Questionnaire ESTIMATED HARVEST

MIGRATORY BIRDS Species: Eurasian Collared Dove

HUNTING SEASON: 2023-24

Expanded Data

R	County of	Total				% of total	
	Harvest	Harvest	# of Hunters	Kill/ Hunter	% of total Kill	Hunters	
	Carson City	122	2	50.00	3.6%	0.5%	
	Churchill	866	97	8.90	25.7%	19.7%	
	Douglas	131	27	4.91	3.9%	5.4%	
WESTERN	Humboldt	73	12	6.00	2.2%	2.5%	
STI	Lyon	825	107	7.70	24.5%	21.7%	
WE	Mineral	0	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%	
	Pershing	214	12	17.60	6.4%	2.5%	
	Storey	0	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%	
	Washoe	404	80	5.03	12.0%	16.3%	
Z	Elko	75	17	4.43	2.2%	3.4%	
EASTERN	Eureka	88	10	9.00	2.6%	2.0%	
EAS	Lander	0	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%	
_	White Pine	56	5	11.50	1.7%	1.0%	
	Clark	355	73	4.87	10.5%	14.8%	
ERN	Esmeralda	15	7	2.00	0.4%	1.5%	
SOUTHERN	Lincoln	36	17	2.14	1.1%	3.4%	
SC	Nye 107		27	4.00	3.2%	5.4%	
	TOTALS:	3,368	494	6.82	100%	100%	

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Year	Trappers	R-TCat	Weasel	Beaver	Skunk	Otter	Muskrat	Mink	Raccoon	Kit Fox	Gray Fox	Red Fox	Badger	Bobcat	Coyote	Total Value
1970-71	189			1,005		5	8,677	55	75		361			1,421	1,213	\$46,628
1971-72	243			1,045	22	18	14,579	26	210		283		34	1,442	1,464	\$79,190
1972-73	253			1,788	53	23	6,240	63	137		348		226	1,517	2,155	\$142,705
1973-74	409	10	22	1,890	293	54	6,042	63	170		445		291	2,051	4,125	\$290,957
1974-75	460	2	5	1,472	213	8	7,946	34	208	126	239		300	1,345	3,730	\$173,041
1975-76	334	10	2	1,139	153	8	11,365	50	262	72	548		278	1,334	3,008	\$339,998
1976-77	640	22	9	2,957	179	40	12,966	156	283	537	815		651	1,948	7,718	\$742,171
1977-78	628	20	14	743	46	11	8,274	98	130	687	865		550	2,814	6,172	\$785,534
1978-79	1,009	17	14	715	205	12	9,898	115	148	1,173	1,197		750	4,643	8,458	\$2,062,610
1979-80	2,209	80	25	2,846	396	76	18,946	185	129	2,306	2,119		1,033	5,513	16,229	\$1,883,894
1980-81	1,567	81	4	2,123	296	46	30,165	245	133	1,103	1,294		589	4,257	10,304	\$1,640,904
1981-82	1,524	87	12	1,148	209	9	24,227	167	115	865	1,112		536	3,392	14,129	\$1,545,102
1982-83	1,509	35	0	834	220	7	19,920	143	520	832	937		569	3,786	13,882	\$1,499,808
1983-84	1,184	49	3	897	209	3	32,128	127	80	914	1,013		362	3,027	10,055	\$1,071,431
1984-85	1,250	42	10	495	115	5	10,849	24	78	1,205	619		496	3,077	10,306	\$1,038,602
1985-86	1,051	58	14	1,219	147	0	8,211	100	163	1,373	1,040		353	2,657	6,119	\$877,423
1986-87	875	28	0	1,722	129	49	14,864	380	106	1,345	767		397	1,305	7,745	\$830,114
1987-88	875	86	2	675	80	19	12,641	126	108	1,004	630		366	1,458	6,373	\$641,495
1988-89	512	25	2	367	30	4	2,135	113	52	845	439		141	2,189	2,352	\$546,993
1989-90	592	29	2	1,020	103	3	149	47	53	397	811		97	2,489	1,717	\$336,394
1990-91	462	9	1	421	49	0	410	24	14	87	212		55	939	1,252	\$122,767
1991-92	334	17	1	1,089	118	9	680	80	52	514	443		151	2,476	3,718	\$447,162
1992-93	488	14	0	254	53	1	100	20	17	488	223		112	1,175	3,746	\$176,354
1993-94	510	16	0	403	67	8	273	72	56	537	612		233	1,820	4,477	\$348,844
1994-95	524	25	1	625	45	7	876	116	23	247	354		182	1,270	3,298	\$165,352
1995-96	373	9	0	398	13	5	1,372	41	14	172	376		53	806	1,791	\$157,861
1996-97	420	15	2	564	96	8	6,717	75	48	195	498		96	1,509	3,209	\$218,439
1997-98	482	10	1	780	35	13	9,604	80	62	298	565		58	1,705	2,227	\$196,671
1998-99	320	7	0	421	21	1	3,415	17	11	154	318		94	899	1,003	\$183,203
1999-00	382	9	2	544	79	6	3,078	71	46	193	434		91	1,637	1,202	\$172,585
2000-01	408	12	1	301	32	5	592	22	62	138	448		49	949	1,185	\$145,022
2001-02	380	8	0	553	71	8	425	33	52	135	497	1	40	1,145	1,071	\$229,284
2002-03	564	16	0	641	73	13	75	40	105	187	554	2	73	2,198	1,340	\$414,808
2003-04	580	19	0	666	184	5	546	29	110	414	967	9	256	2,744	2,726	\$781,849
2004-05	615	7	2	441	74	19	468	45	89	399	536	9	170	2,666	2,003	\$644,688
2005-06	585	17	1	409	91	7	1,280	33	72	442	720	3	152	3,316	1,776	\$1,147,034
2006-07	857	11	9	494	295	1	4,546	108	116	516	1,608	12	555	4,911	2,956	\$1,248,873
2007-08	937	20	3	677	157	2	3,023	29	180	609	1,771	18	269	2,811	3,245	\$1,543,803
2008-09	1,048	11	1	684	108	5	966	62	172	453	1,172	13	92	2,532	2,425	\$726,901
2009-10	918	4	11	627	74	5	731	95	114	363	821	4	77	1,240	1,514	\$431,438
2010-11	868	8	2	515	105	28	2140	125	134	619	715	6	100	2,527	2,147	\$1,150,888
2011-12	1,085	36	19	879	204	24	4,047	116	124	963	1,760	44	175	3,992	3,236	\$2,005,276
2012-13	1,308	33	11	1,013	188	25	2,531	165	212	615	1,680	106	192	3,333	3,782	\$2,311,750
2013-14	1,487	49	2	699	157	5	1,655	88	204	1,105	1,952	166	282	3,063	3,561	\$1,593,612
2014-15	1,334	15	0	568	144	5	996	54	84	877	1,045	43	212	1,641	3,591	\$702,862
2015-16	934	19	7	282	25	2	780	34	79	534	598	8	79	1,197	2,715	\$375,451
2016-17	877	7	5	234	69	1	628	14	32	447	784	27	164	2,143	3,069	\$925,843
2017-18	1,115	14	3	186	124	3	1,215	12	47	597	1,581	69	141	4,018	4,355	\$1,387,138
2018-19	996	6	1	312	110	12	804	6	14	350	1,227	79	83	2,337	2,729	\$1,112,665
2019-20	1,020	7	0	251	86	6	940	21	26	249	485	37	53	2,027	2,838	\$727,648
2020-21	945	8	0	220	80	19	196	10	33	302	652	46	48	860	1,891	\$402,156
2021-22	834	0	0	380	46	10	69	13	48	240	522	39	36	950	1,310	\$410,034
2021-22	887	2	0	442	45	27	104	24	37	183	357	38	40	881	1,079	\$402,095
2022-23	838	5	1	398	27	4	519	28	46	207	294	40	35	1,336	807	\$567,056
Average	797	22	4	805	118	13	5,852	76	105	572	790	36	236	2,236	4,084	\$743,563

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REGION	COUNTY	BEAVER	MUSKRAT	COYOTE	BOBCAT	GRAY FOX	FOX	MINK	OTTER	BADGER	WEASEL	RACCOON	STRIPED SKUNK	SPOTTED SKUNK	TAIL	FOX
	Carson	22	0	39	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Churchill	3	416	36	29	0	6	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	6
	Douglas	20	13	17	9	17	3	3	0	0	0	14	1	0	0	0
	Humboldt	0	0	86	146	17	3	0	0	4	0	0	1	O	0	0
WESTERN	Lyon	10	0	7	24	27	26	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
WESTERN	Mineral	0	0	24	76	12	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Pershing	0	0	81	31	6	22	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	0	0
	Storey	47	32	4	3	7	0	1	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Washoe	129	32	137	142	10	30	1	4	0	0	0	20	0	0	0
	TOTALS	231	493	431	465	99	93	5	4	17	0	19	26	1	0	6
	Elko	147	23	115	186	0	1	23	0	9	1	3	0	0	0	10
	Eureka	4	3	88	11	13	9	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	7
EASTERN	Lander	0	0	3	44	9	130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	10
0.000	White Pine	0	0	19	162	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
	TOTALS	151	26	225	403	45	23	23	0	10	1	4	0	0	1	34
	Clark	3	0	68	131	207	35	0	0	1	Ò	23	0	0	3	0
	Esmeralda	0	0	0	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOUTHERN	Lincoln	13	0	59	187	52	46	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0
	Nye	0	0	24	116	35	10	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTALS	16	0	151	468	294	91	0	0	8	0	23	0	0	4	0
					0.030		7.5	-		7		1	7			1 - 3
UNKNOWN	TOTALS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

NEVADA FUR HARVEST VALUE 2023-2024													
From Post-Season Questionnaire													
Species	Total Value	AVERAG	E PRICE	% Increase +									
	of Catch	2023-24	2022-23	% Decrease -									
Beaver	\$13,241.46	\$33.27	\$25.67	22.8%									
Muskrat	\$1,634.85	\$3.15	\$2.55	19.0%									
Mink	\$0.00	\$8.75	N/A	0.0%									
Raccoon	\$322.00	\$7.00	\$5.44	22.3%									
Bobcat	\$515,923.12	\$386.17	\$416.24	-7.8%									
Coyote	\$21,232.17	\$26.31	\$13.12	50.1%									
Badger	\$266.00	\$7.60	\$14.80	-94.7%									
Striped Skunk	\$208.00	\$8.00	N/A	0.0%									
Ring-tailed Cat	\$0.00	N/A	\$26.87	0.0%									
Kit Fox	\$2,935.26	\$14.18	\$13.15	7.3%									
Gray Fox	\$7,993.50	\$18.25	\$16.31	10.6%									
Red Fox	\$300.00	\$7.50	\$14.31	-90.8%									
Total	\$564,056.36												

NEVADA TRAPPERS BY SPECIES AND COUNTY 2023-2024 Expanded Data																
Region	County	Beaver	Muskrat	Coyote	Bobcat	Gray Fox	Kit Fox	Mink	Otter	Badger	Weasel	Raccoon	Striped Skunk	Spotted Skunk	Ring- Tail Cat	Red Fox
	Carson	4	0	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Churchill	1	3	9	10	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	3
	Douglas	4	3	7	4	4	1	3	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0
	Humboldt	0	0	9	13	1	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0
Western	Lyon	1	0	4	7	6	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Westelli	Mineral	0	0	4	6	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Pershing	0	0	7	7	4	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
	Storey	1	3	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	Washoe	12	3	14	19	6	6	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	TOTALS:	23	12	58	71	26	24	5	3	5	0	7	5	1	0	3
	Elko	17	3	12	31	0	1	4	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	4
	Eureka	3	1	9	5	4	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	4
Eastern	Lander	0	0	1	8	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
	White Pine	0	0	3	33	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
	TOTALS:	20	4	25	77	14	5	4	0	4	1	2	0	0	1	15
	OL- I	1		_	45	40	_	_	_	4	_	_		_	_	_
	Clark	'	0	9	15	13	3	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	3	0
	Esmeralda	0	0	0	7 37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern	Lincoln	0	0	20	22	17	10	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0
	Nye			9		4	'			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		0	-	0	0
	TOTALS:	2	0	38	81	34	14	0	0	5	0	3	0	0	4	0
Unknown	TOTALS	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statewide	Totals:	45	16	121	229	74	43	9	3	14	1	12	5	1	5	18